

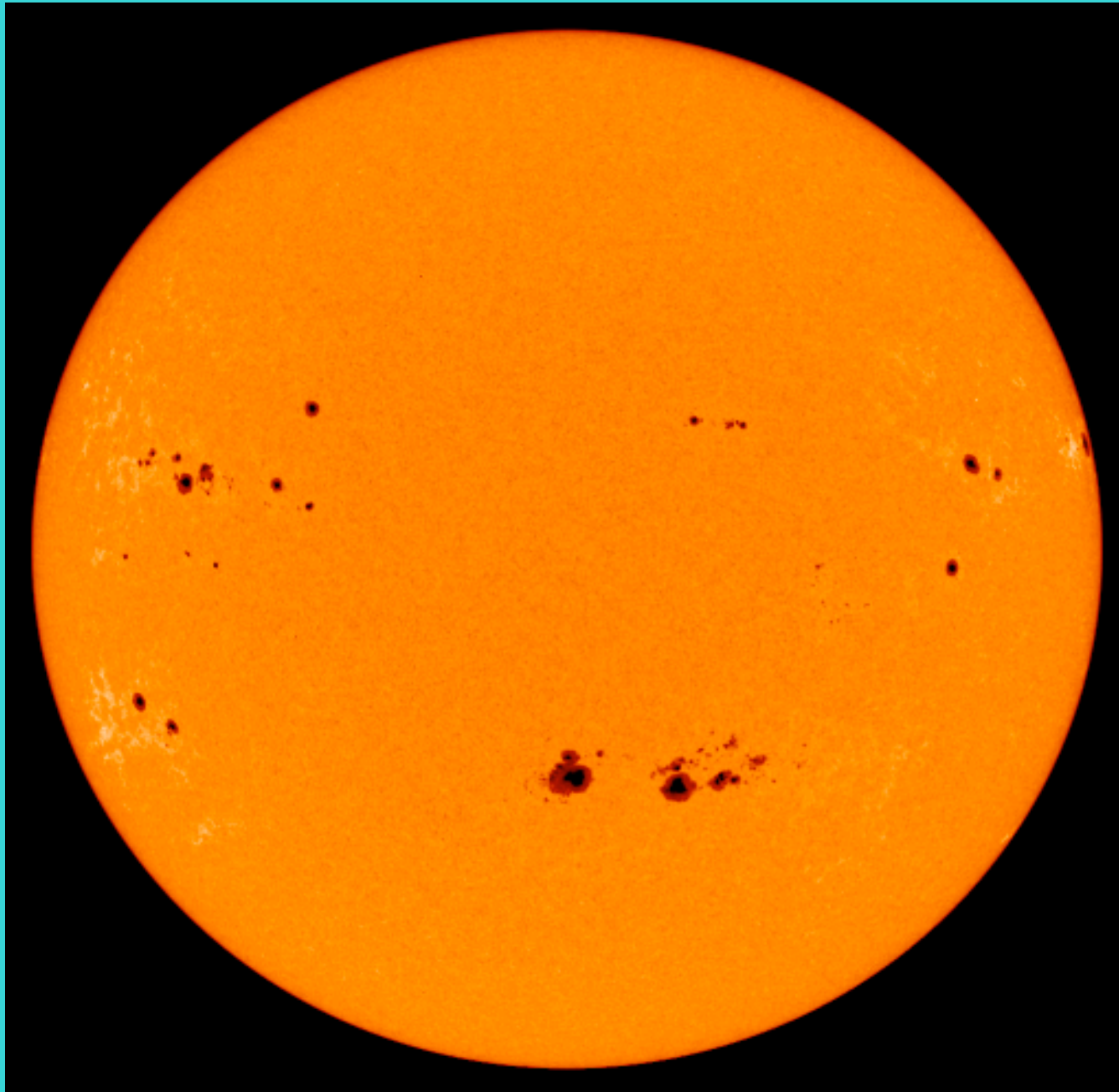


The Sun can also smile :))



Modeling of the solar and stellar variability

Main assumption. Variations in the solar irradiance are directly related to the evolution of surface magnetic flux



Sunspot Model S

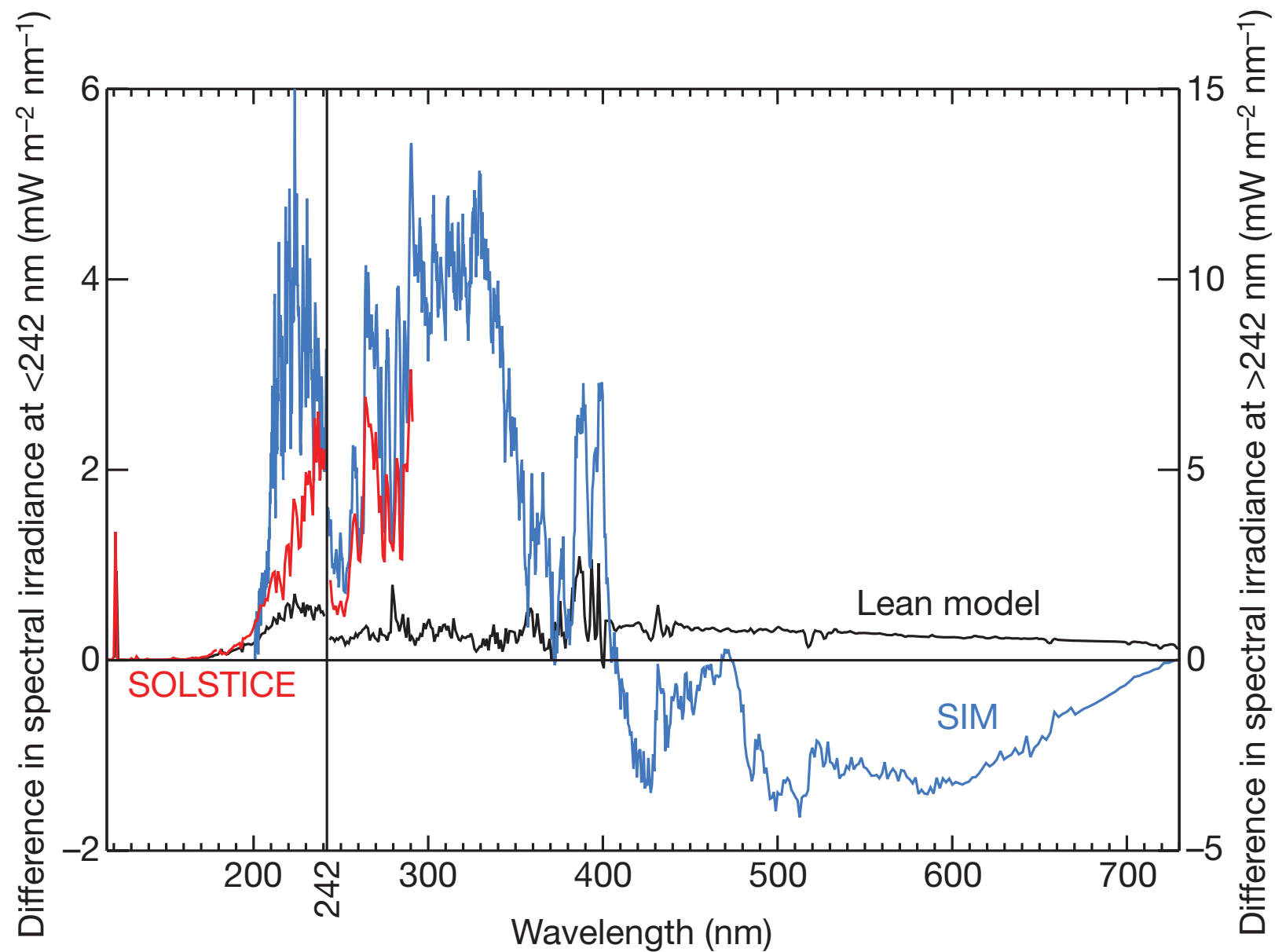
Plage Model P

**Bright network
Model F**

Quiet Sun Model C

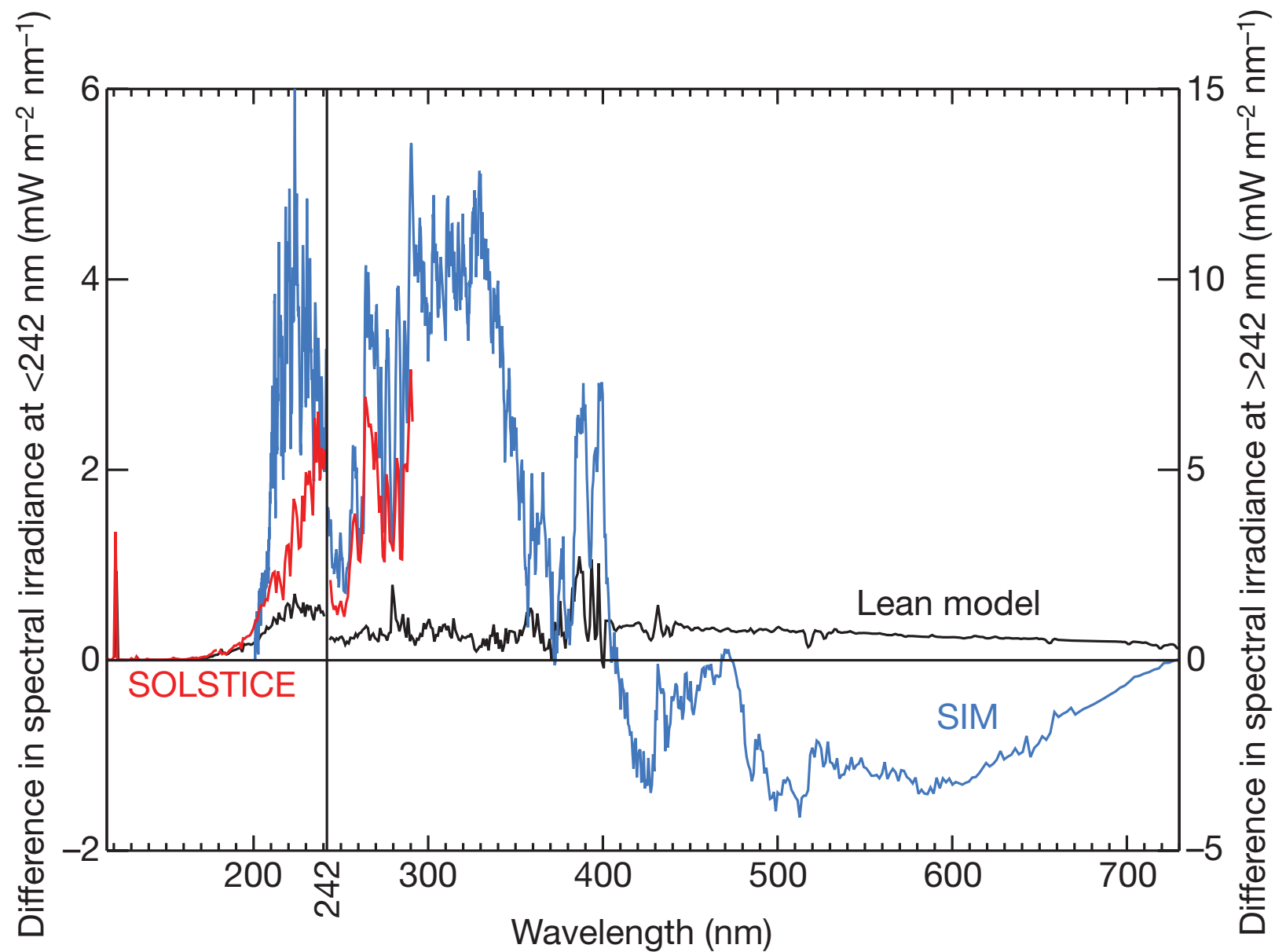
$$I(\lambda, t) = \sum_k (\alpha_{QS}(\mu_k, t) I_{QS}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_S(\mu_k, t) I_S(\lambda, \mu_k) + \\ + \alpha_{AN}(\mu_k, t) I_{AN}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_P(\mu_k, t) I_P(\lambda, \mu_k)) ,$$

Spectral profile of variability



$$I(\lambda, t) = \sum_k (\alpha_{QS}(\mu_k, t) I_{QS}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_S(\mu_k, t) I_S(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_{AN}(\mu_k, t) I_{AN}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_P(\mu_k, t) I_P(\lambda, \mu_k)) ,$$

Spectral profile of variability



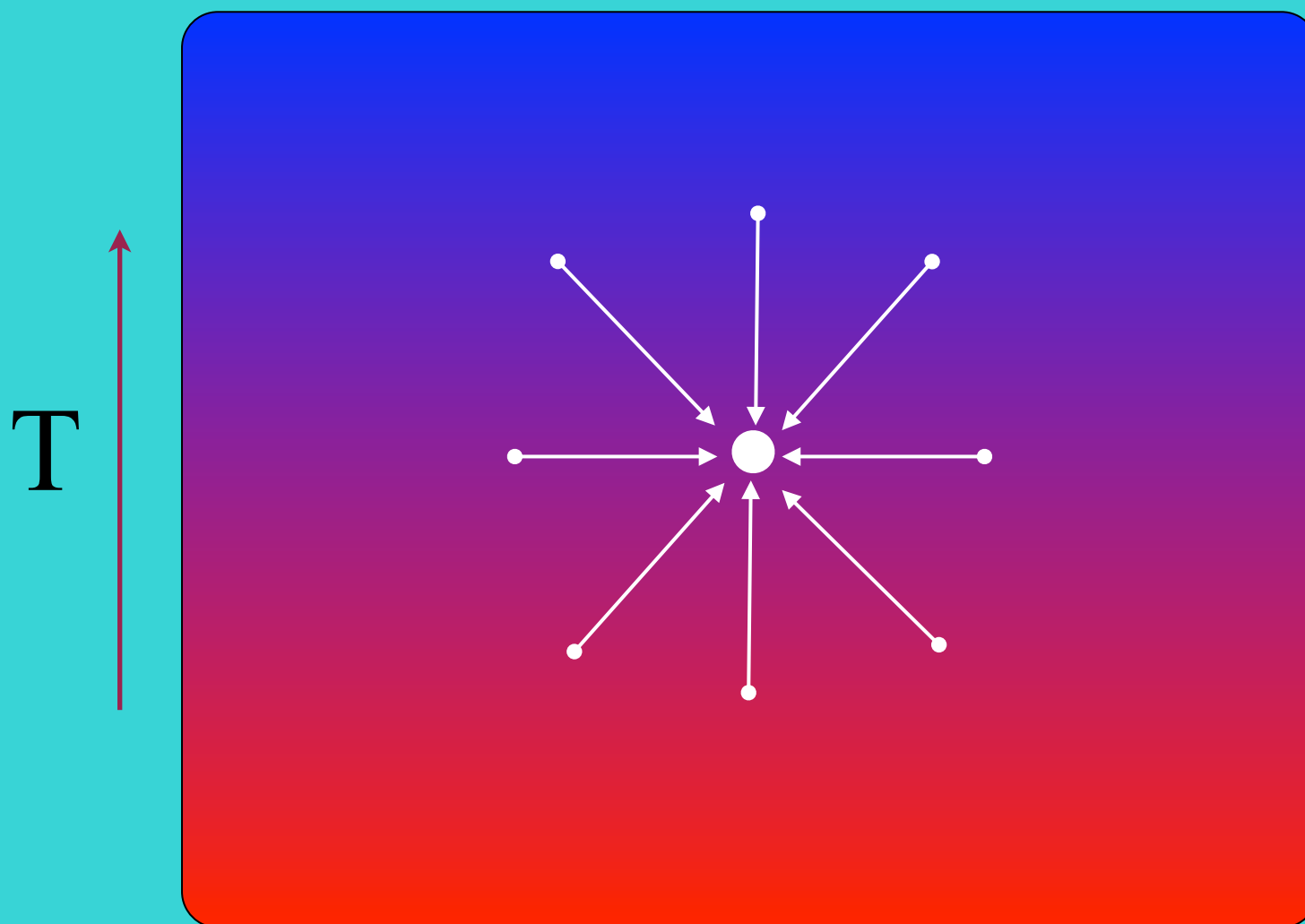
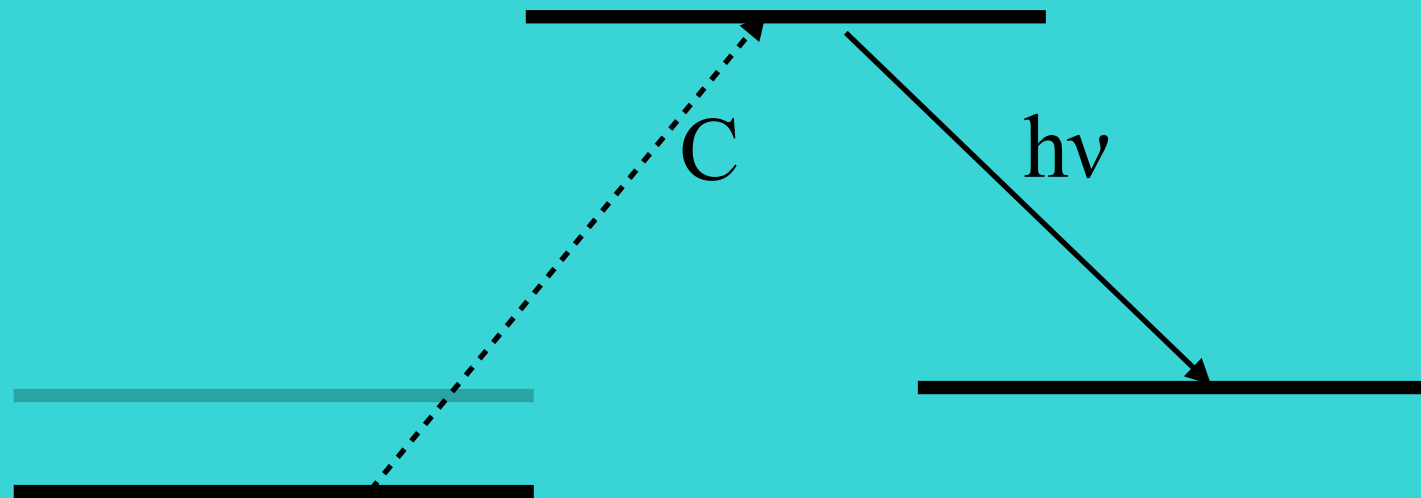
$$I(\lambda, t) = \sum_k (\alpha_{QS}(\mu_k, t) I_{QS}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_S(\mu_k, t) I_S(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_{AN}(\mu_k, t) I_{AN}(\lambda, \mu_k) + \alpha_P(\mu_k, t) I_P(\lambda, \mu_k)),$$

Calculations of the solar spectrum

Millions of atomic and molecular transitions

Non-local thermodynamic equilibrium

Non Local Thermodynamic Equilibrium (NLTE)

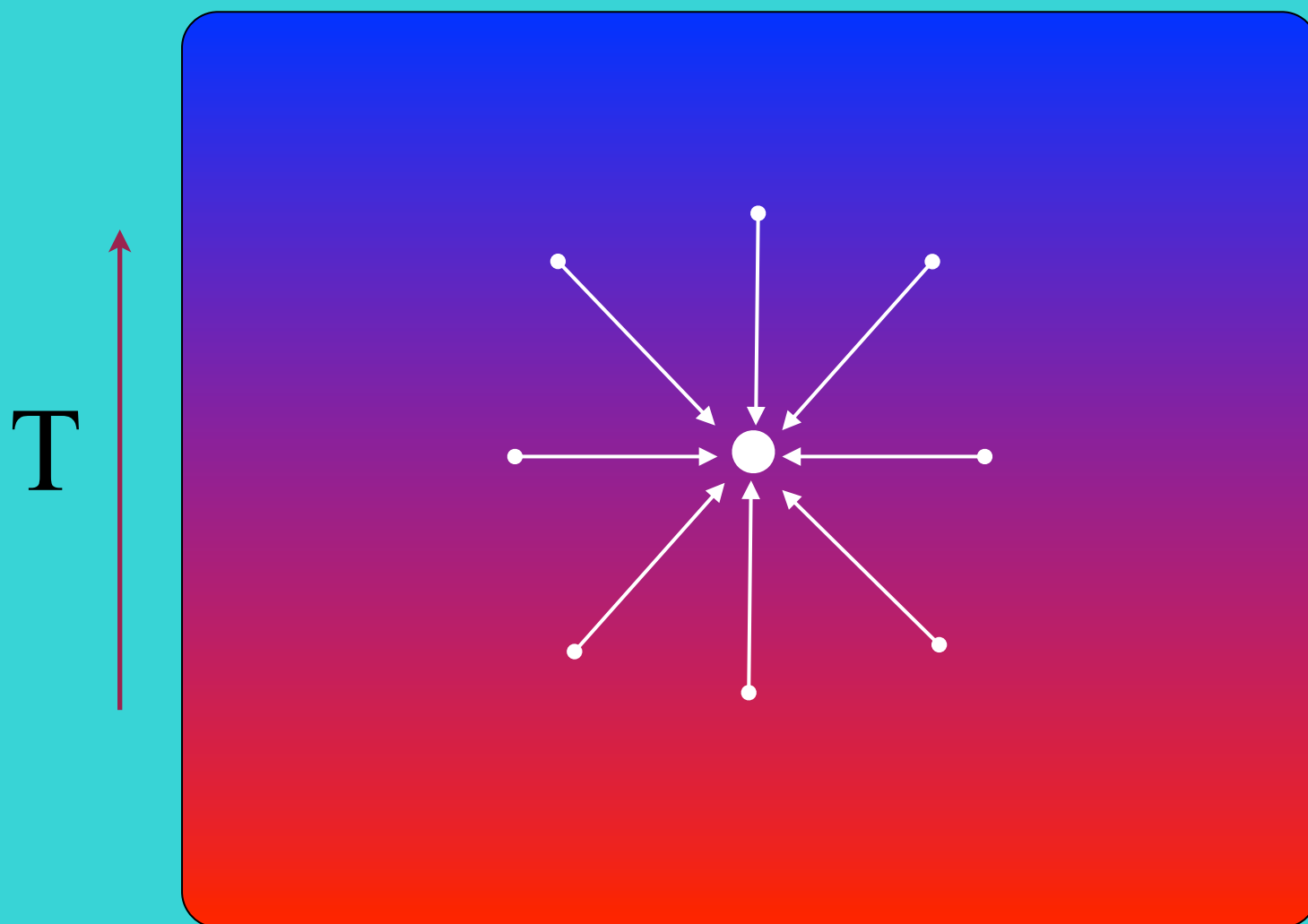
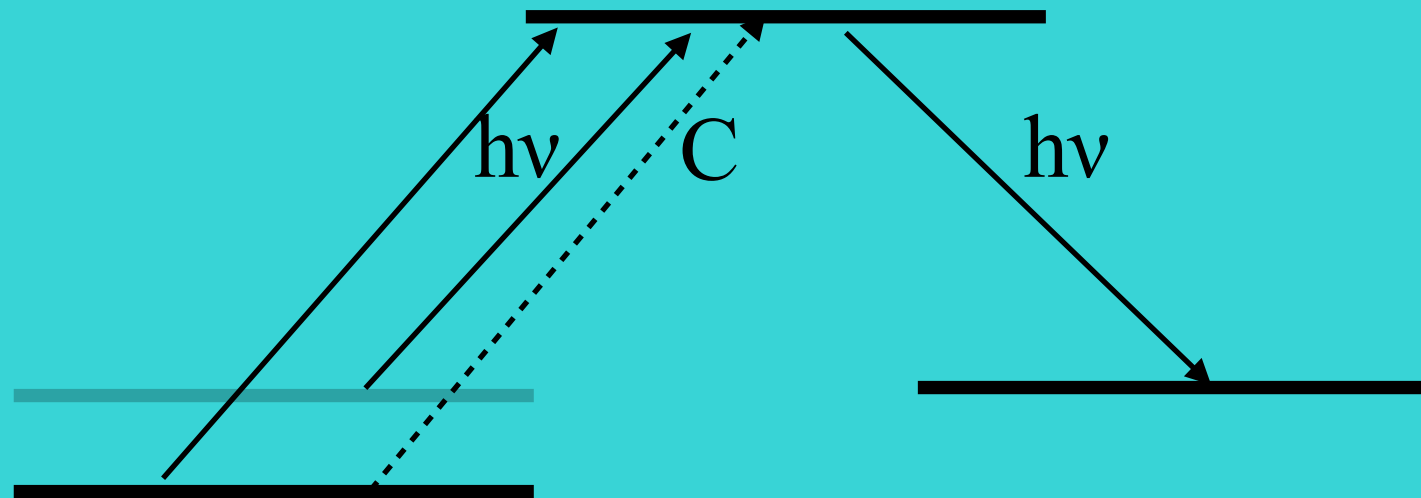


Maxwell-Boltzmann
distribution

Saha ionization
equation

Source function obeys
the Planck's law

Non Local Thermodynamic Equilibrium (NLTE)

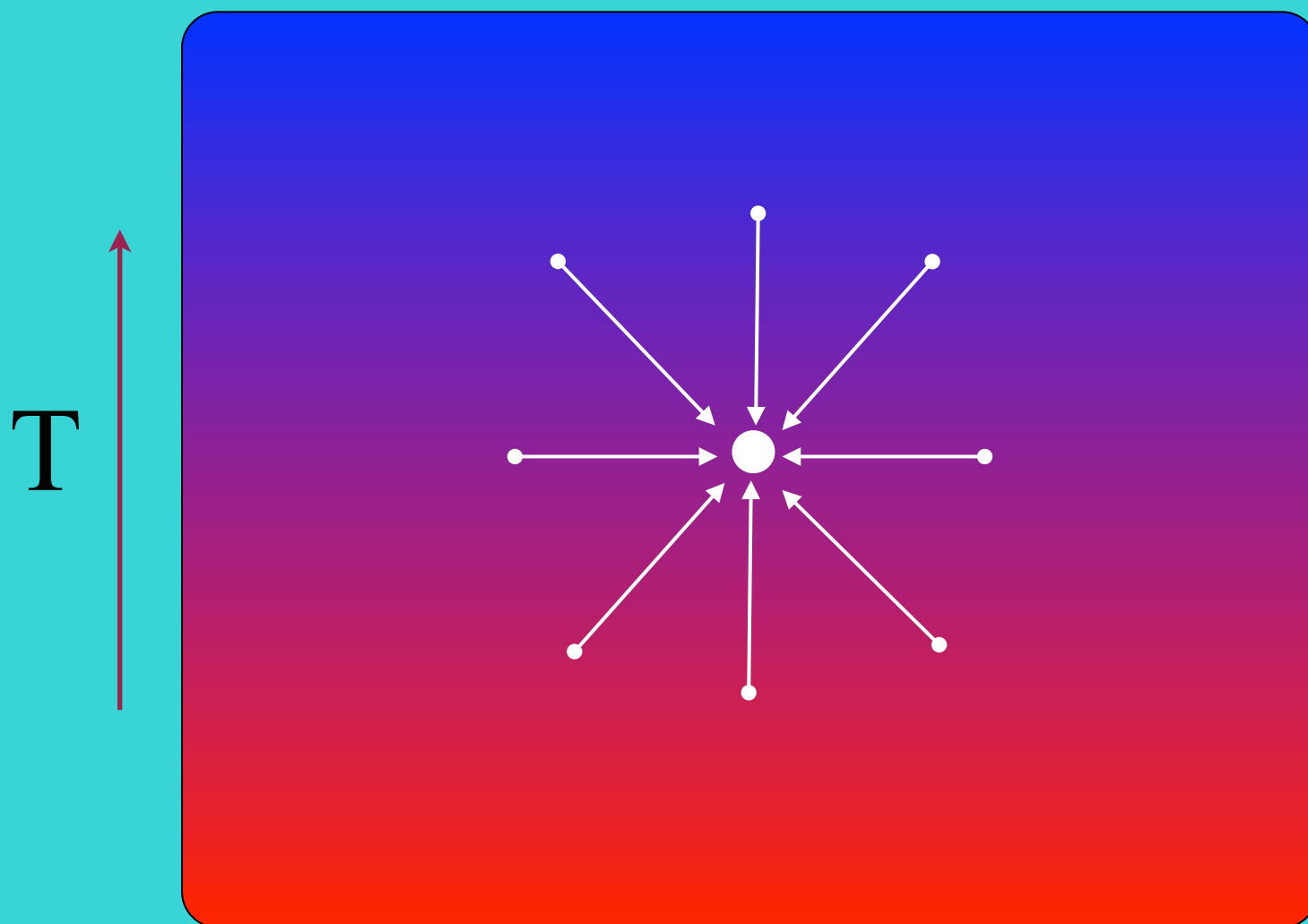
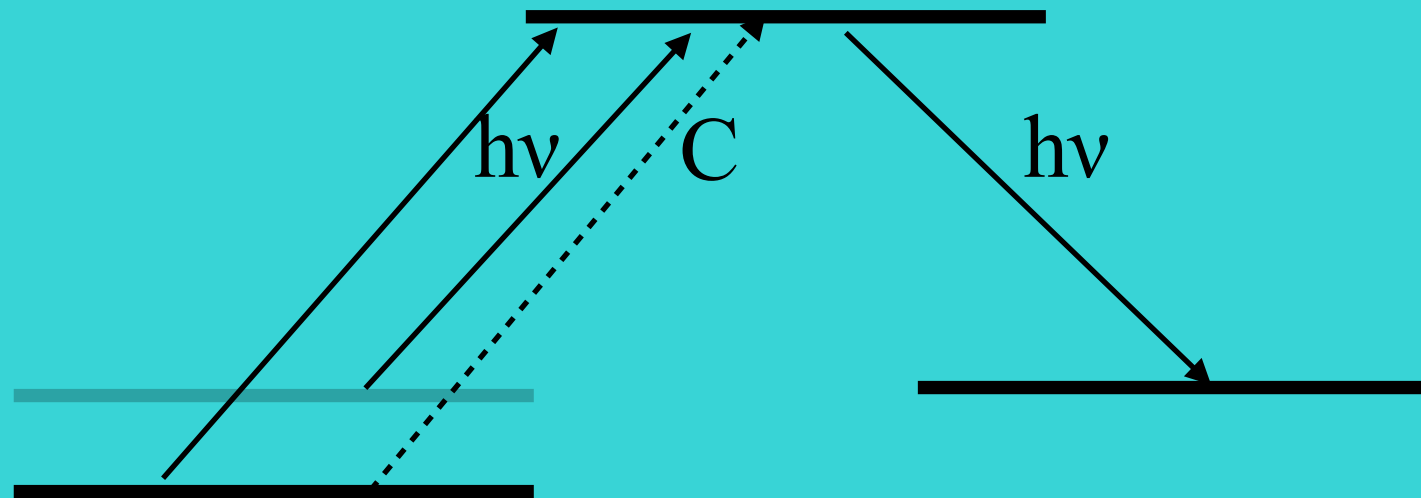


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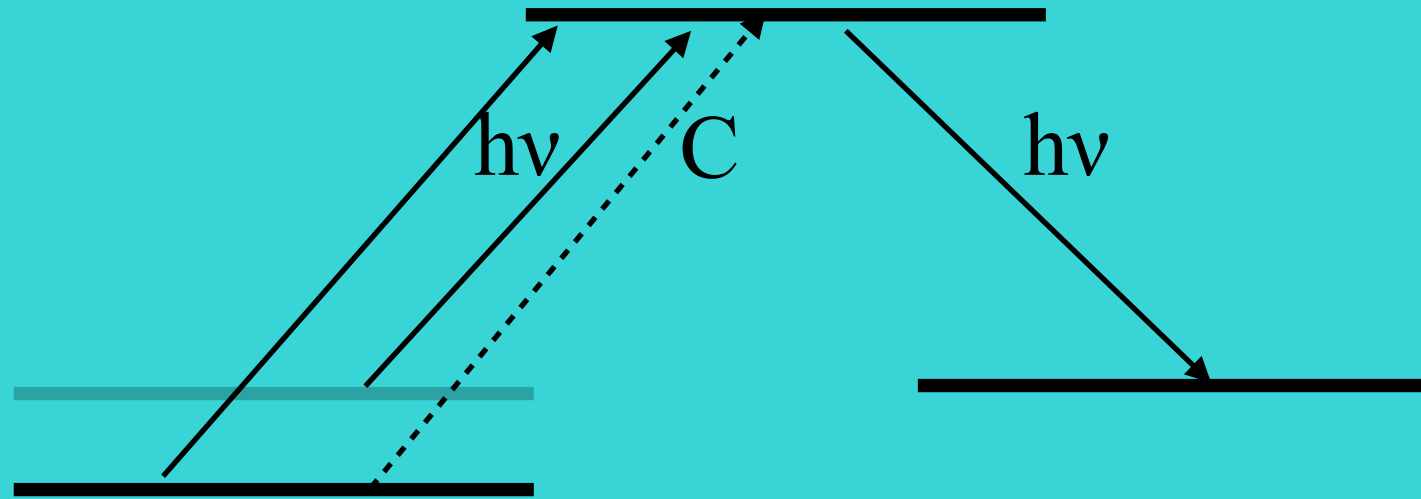


~~Maxwell-Boltzmann
distribution~~

~~Saha ionization
equation~~

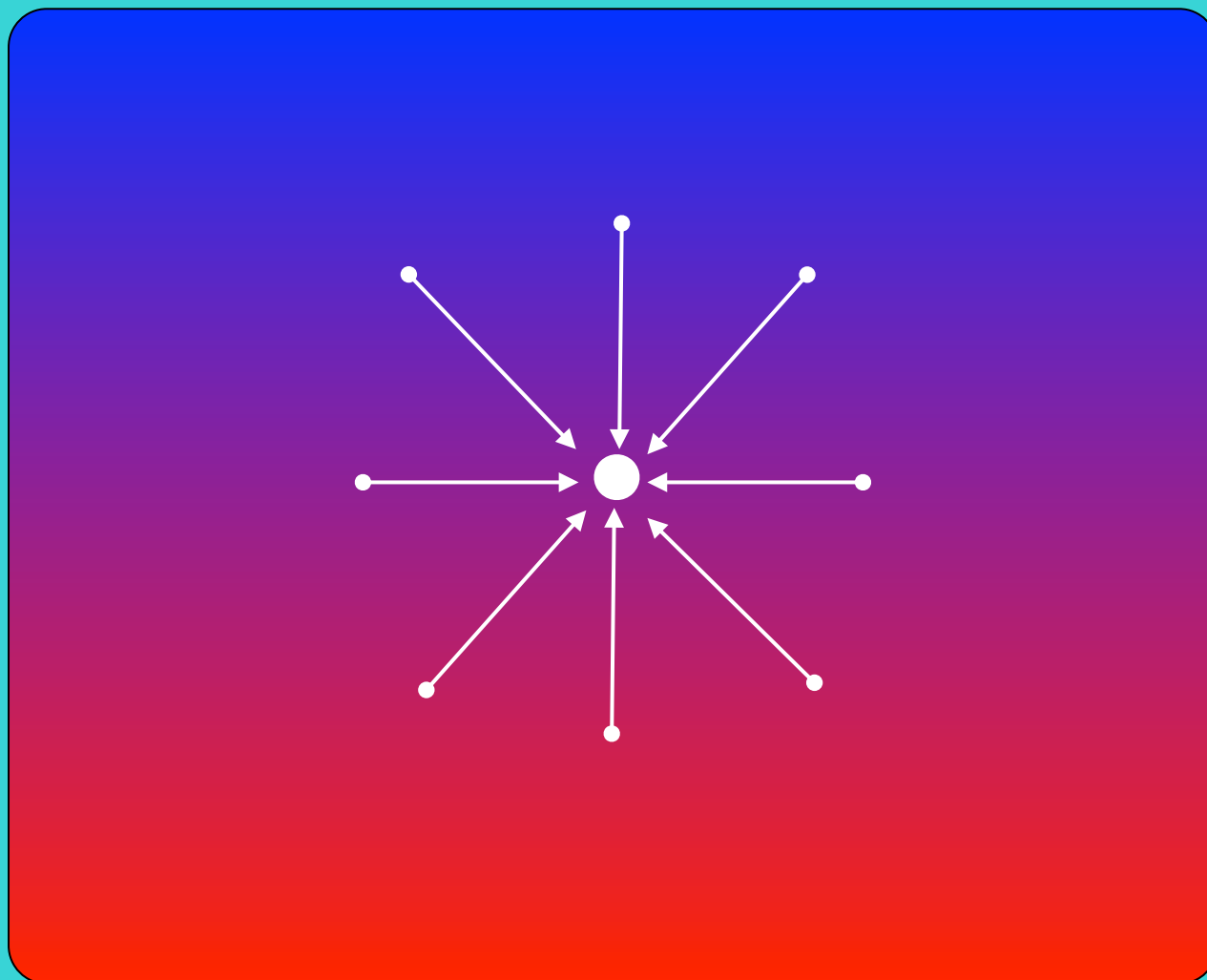

~~Source function obeys
the Planck's law~~

Non Local Thermodynamic Equilibrium (NLTE)



~~Maxwell-Boltzmann
distribution~~

T



Statistical
Equilibrium
Equations

The COSI code

CODE for Solar Irradiance

NLTE Model Atmosphere
Code

$\sim 10^2$ levels

Spectrum Synthesis
Program

$\sim 10^7$ lines

The COSI code

CODE for Solar Irradiance

Populations of the NLTE Levels

NLTE Model Atmosphere
Code

$\sim 10^2$ levels

Spectrum Synthesis
Program

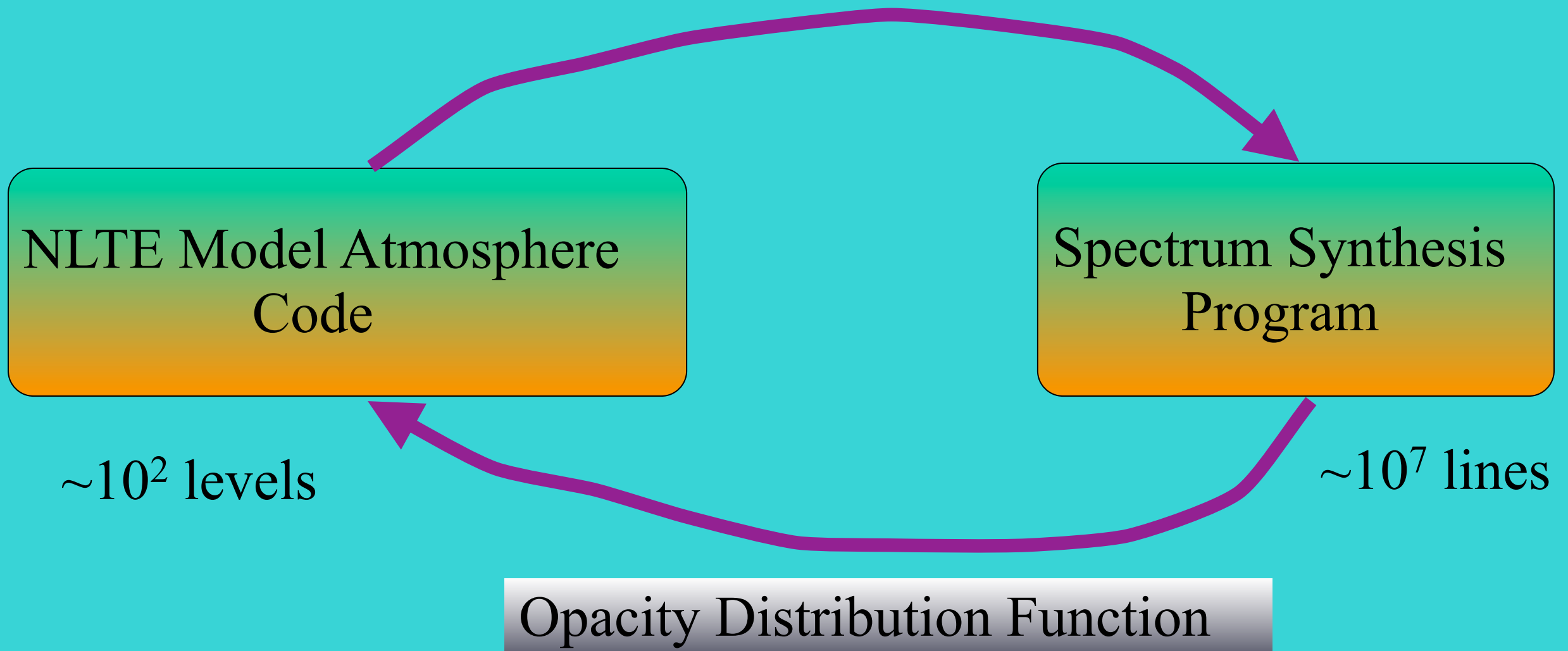
$\sim 10^7$ lines



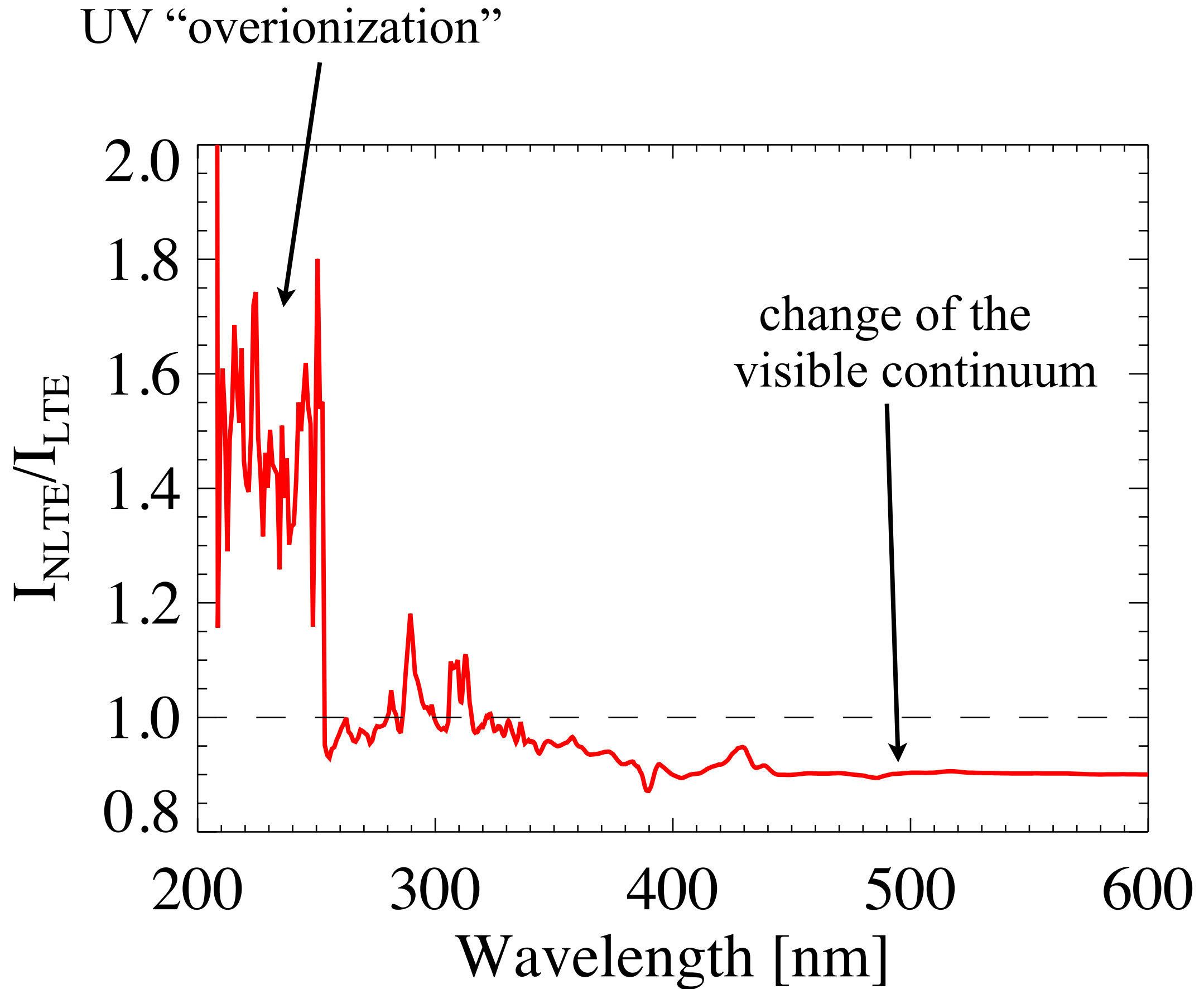
The COSI code

COde for Solar Irradiance

Populations of the NLTE Levels

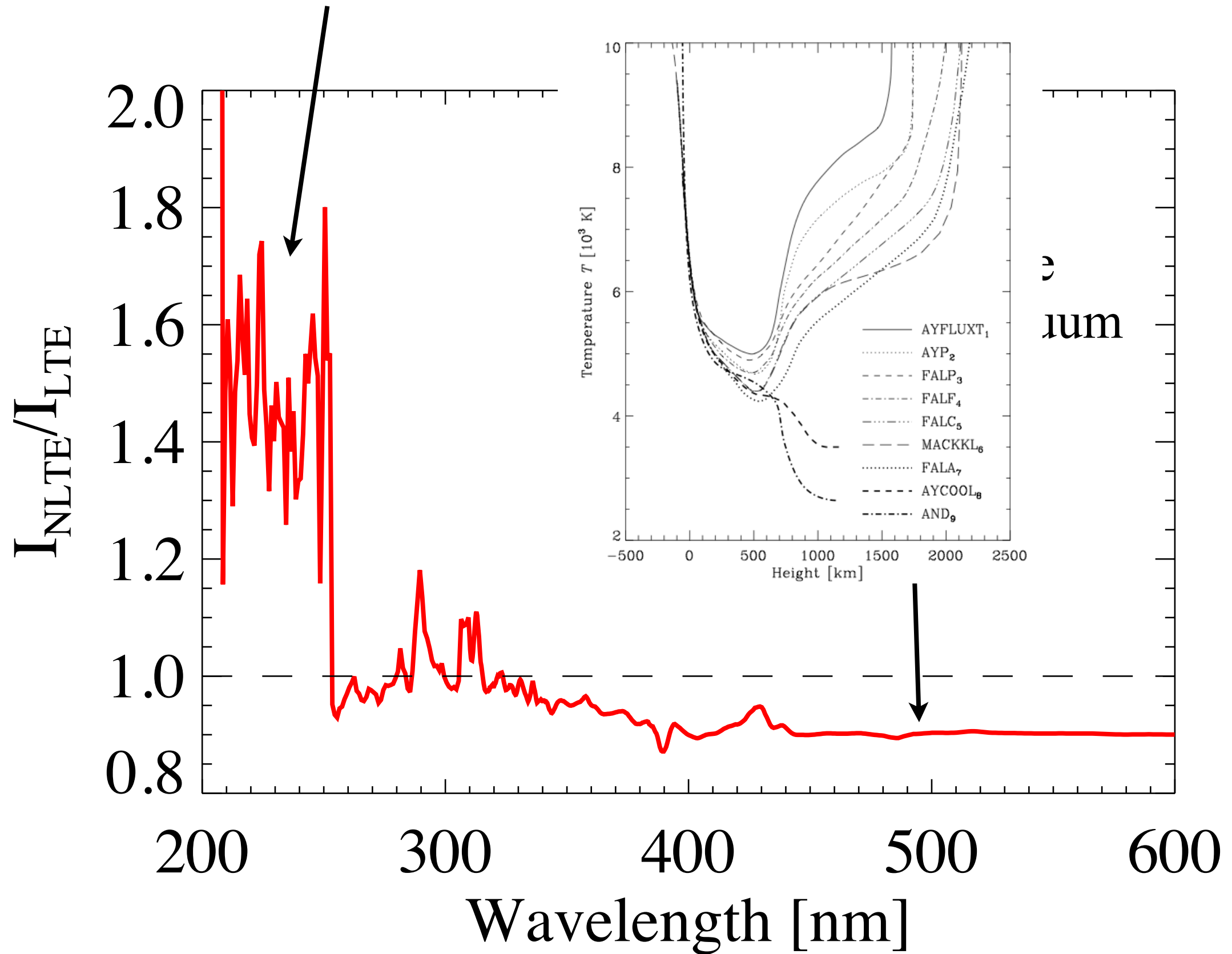


NLTE effects

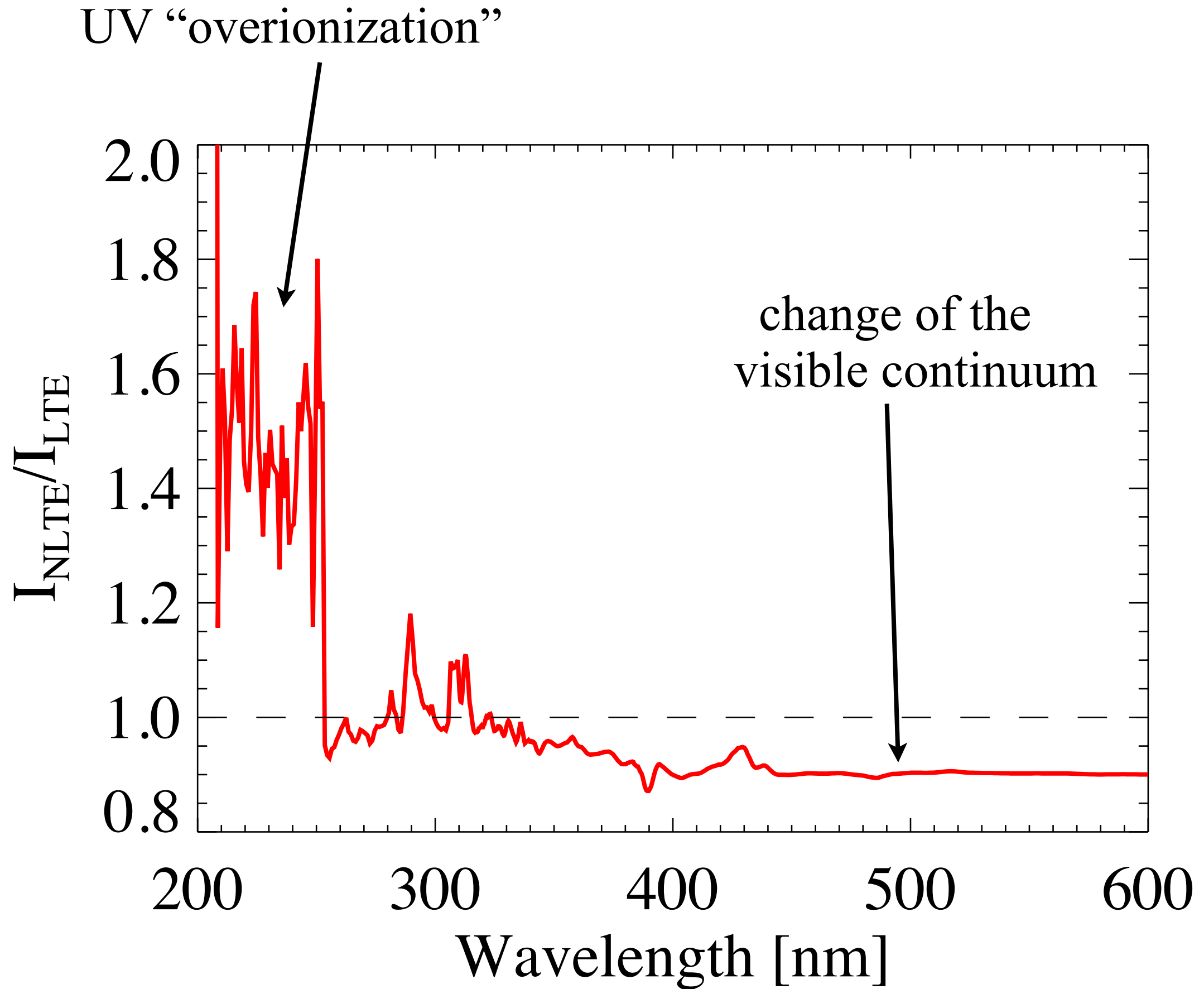


NLTE effects

UV “overionization”



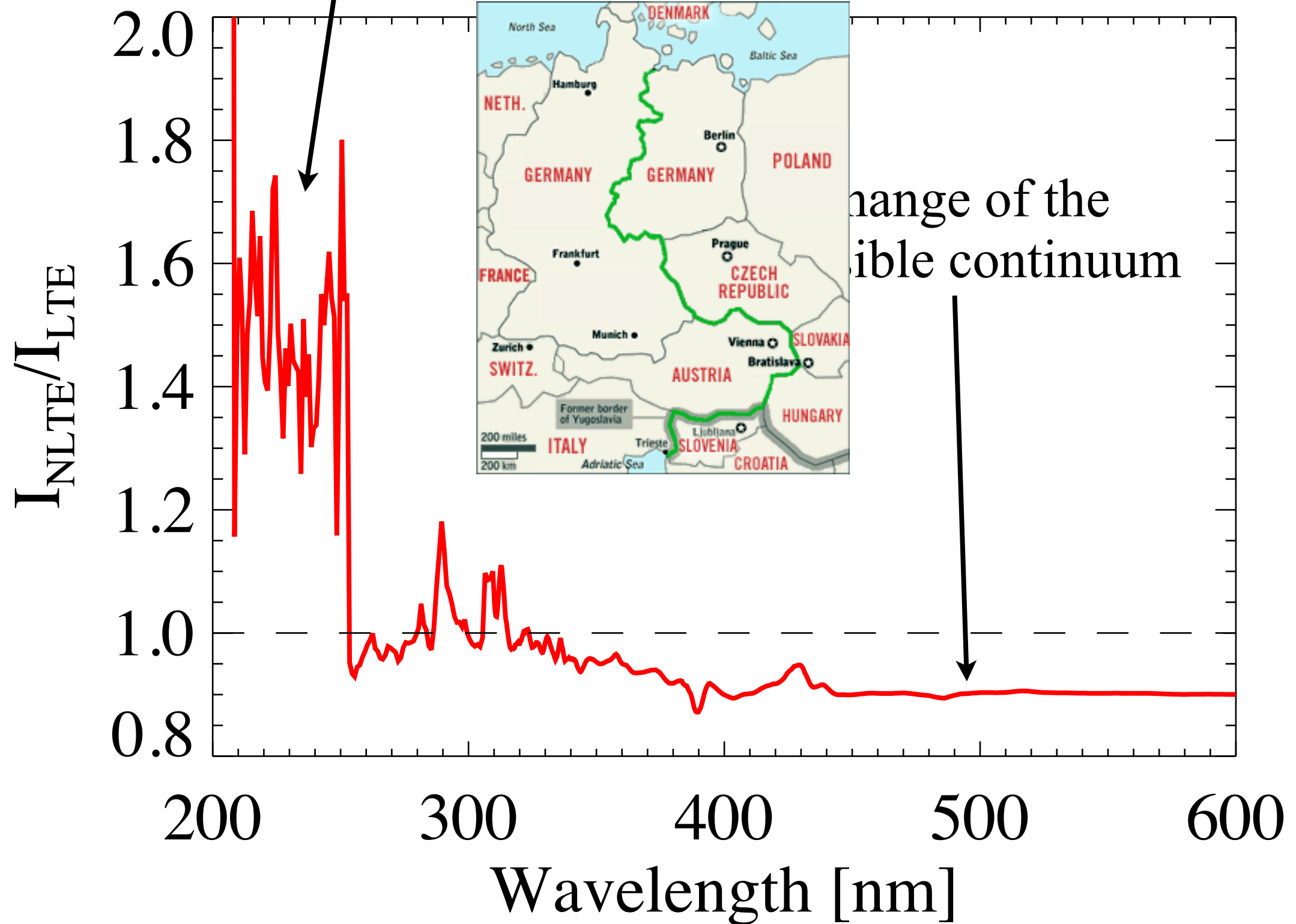
NLTE effects



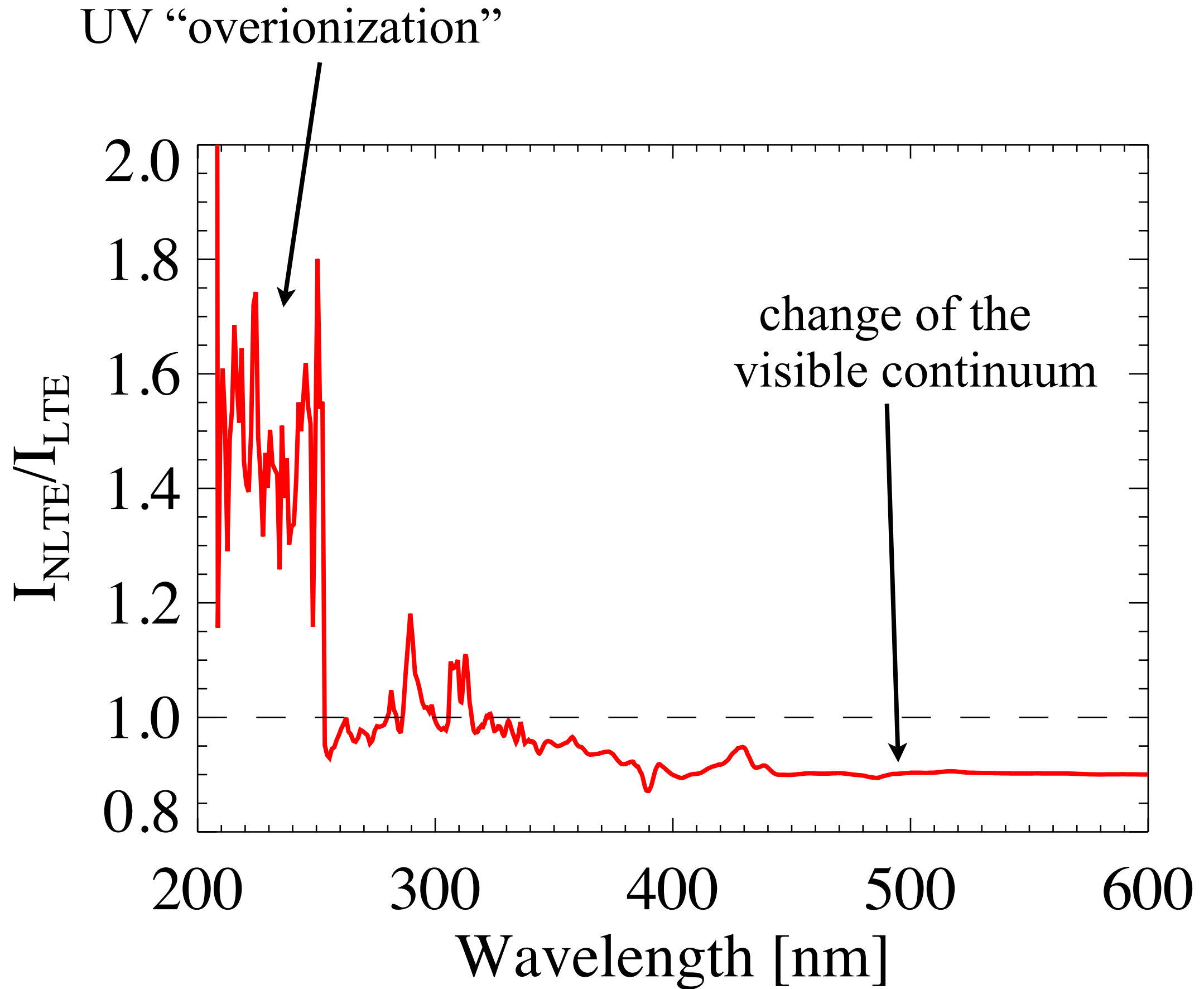
NLTE effects

UV “overionization”

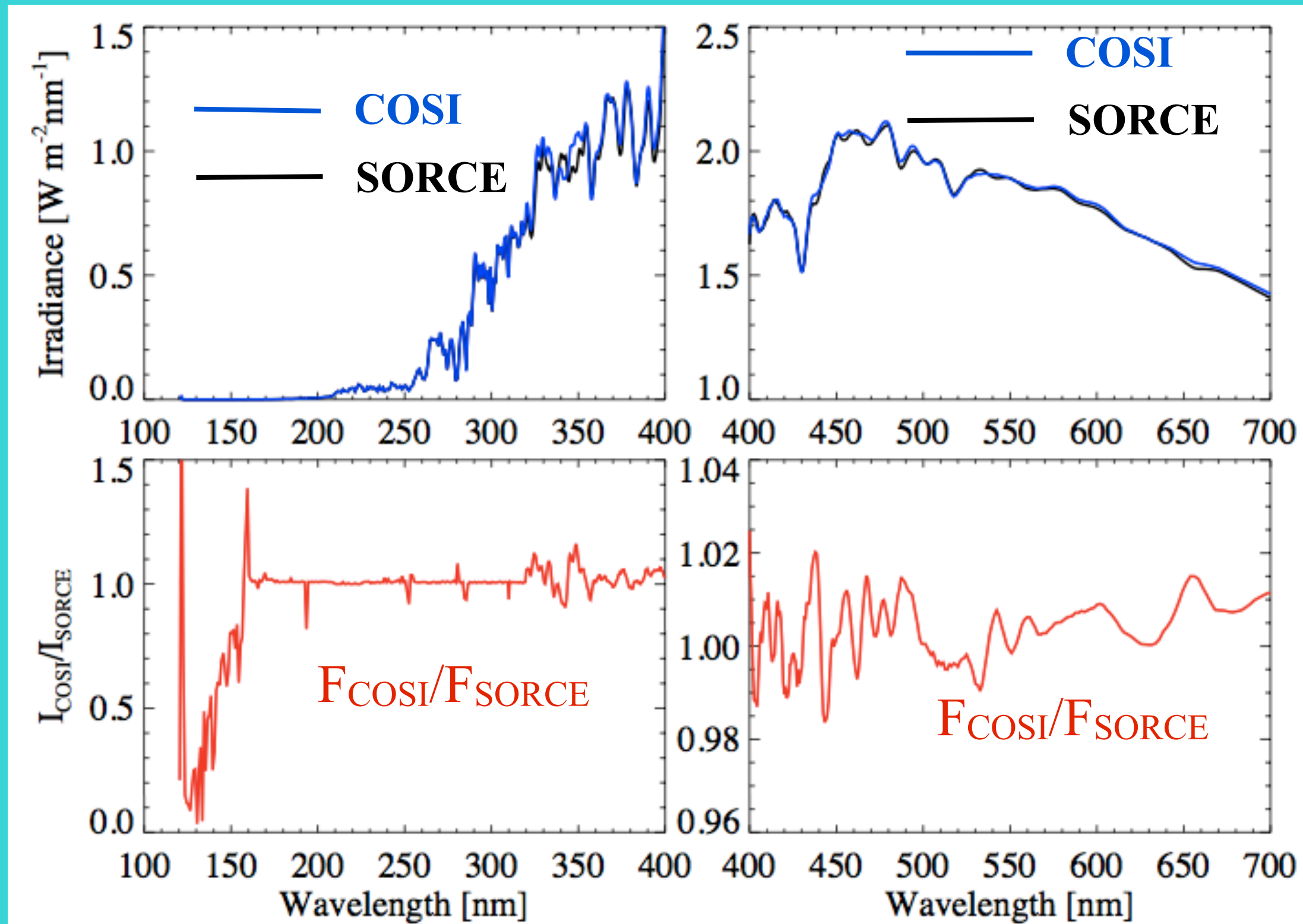
Lifting of the iron curtain



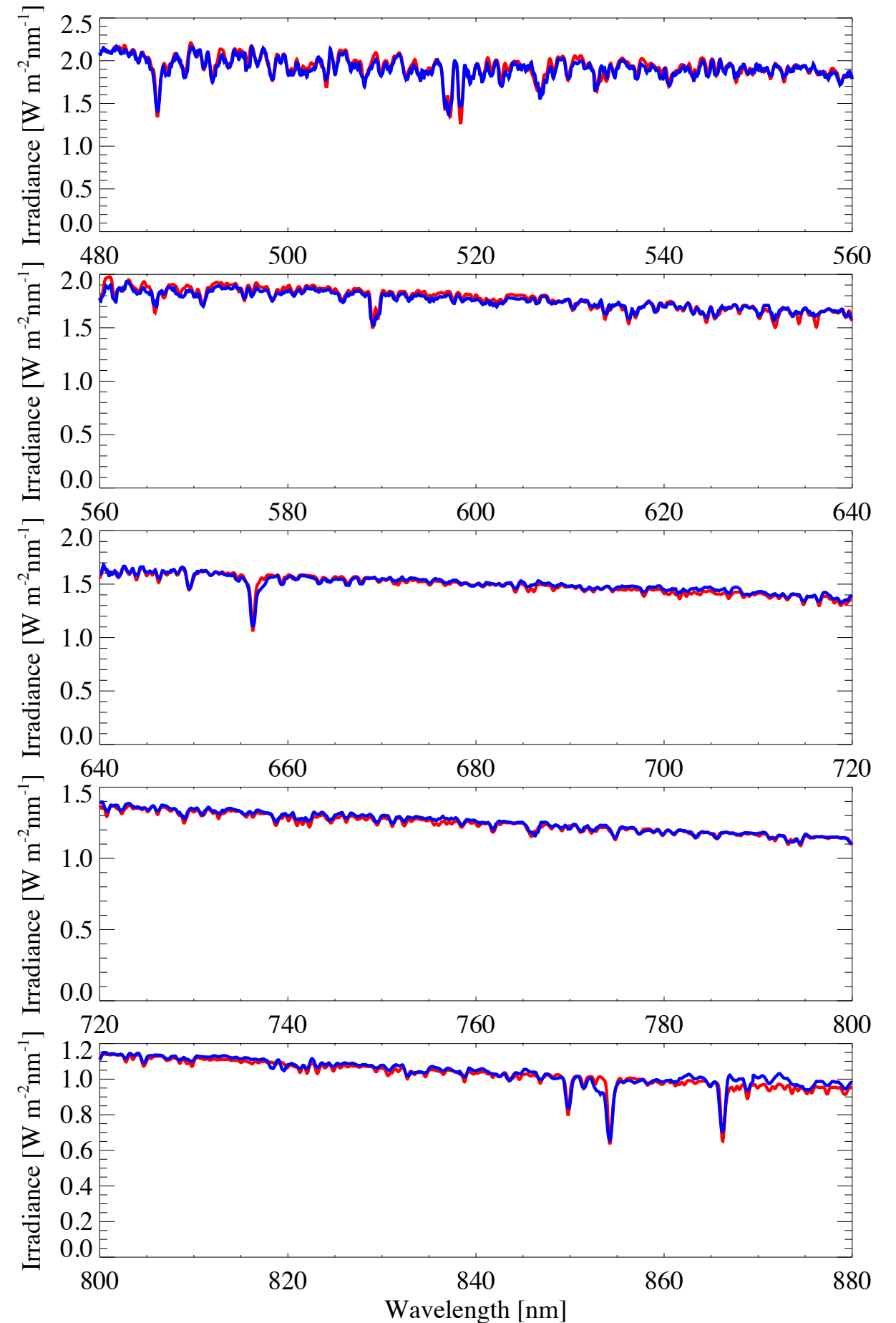
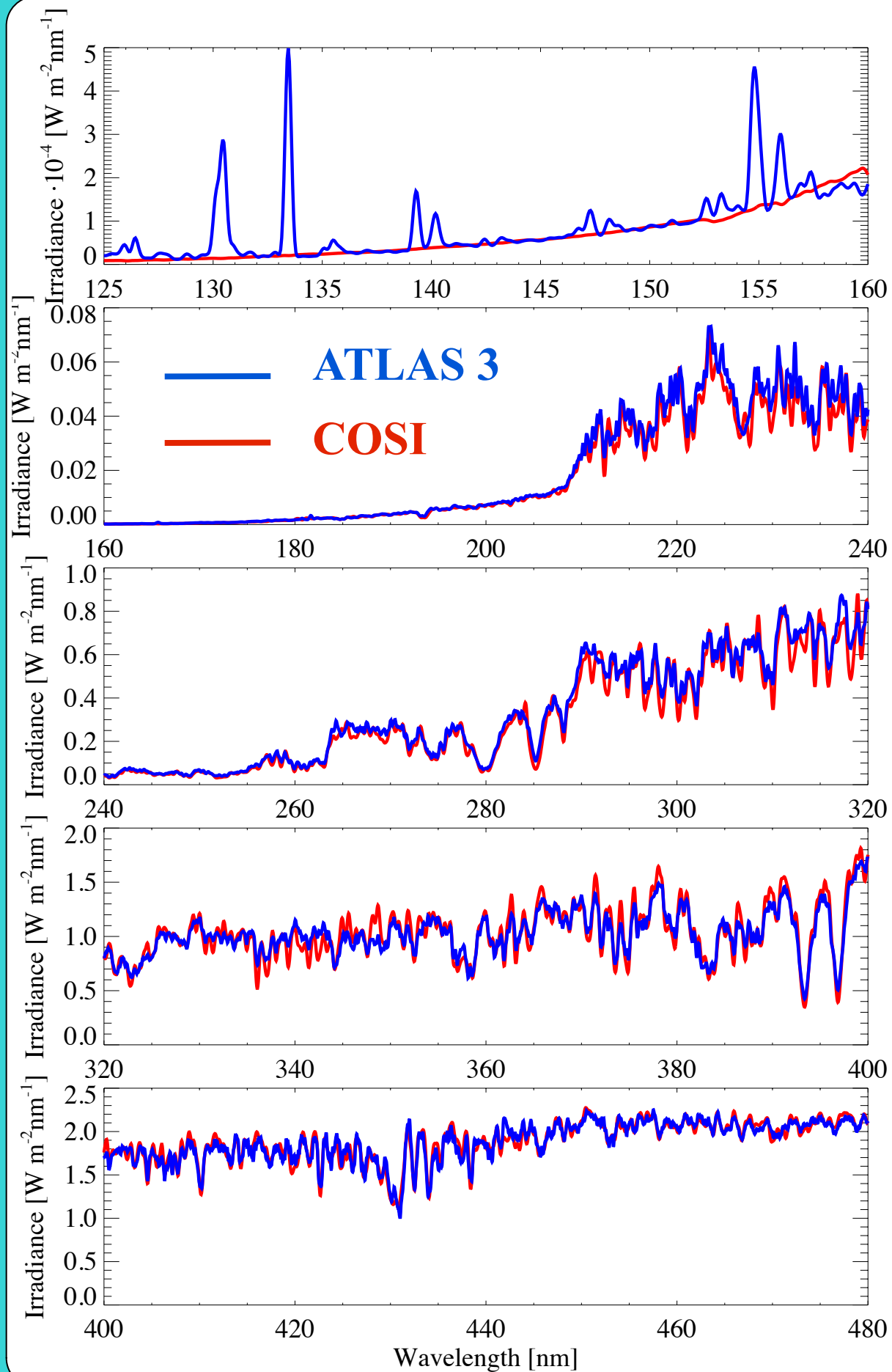
NLTE effects



Comparison with SORCE



Comparison with ATLAS 3



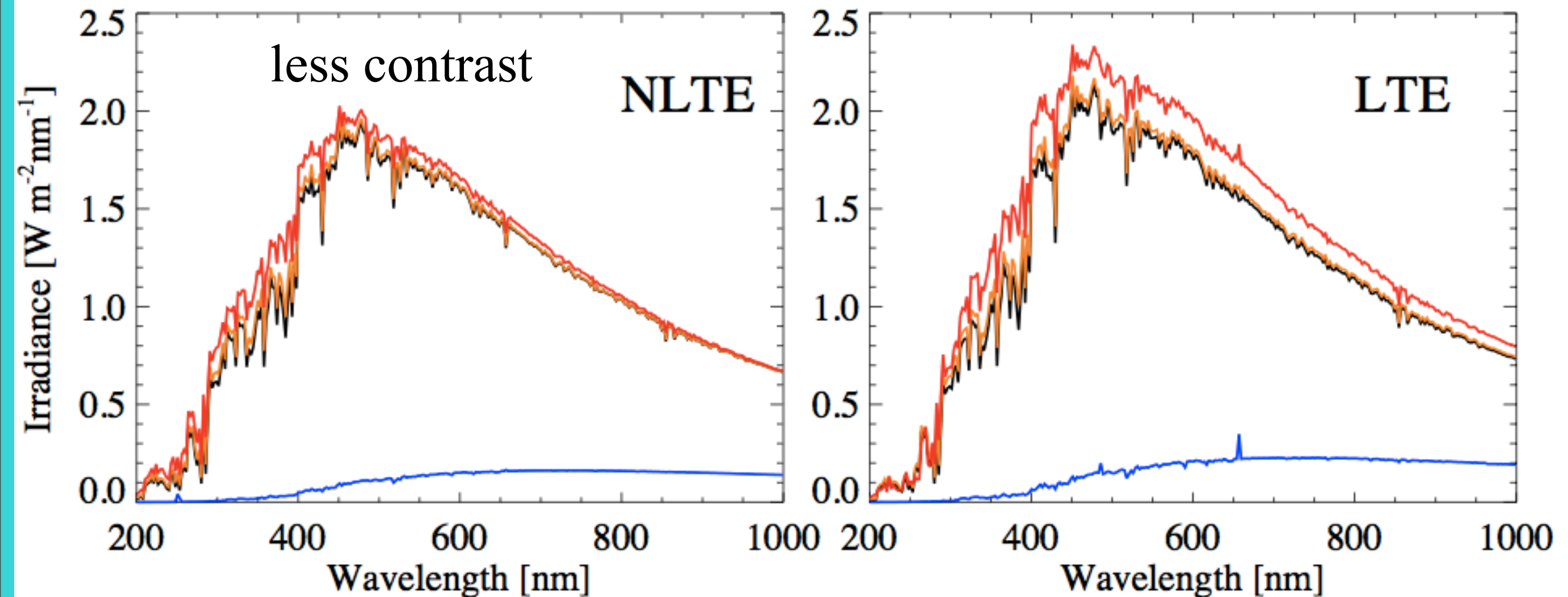
Irradiance from active components

Plage

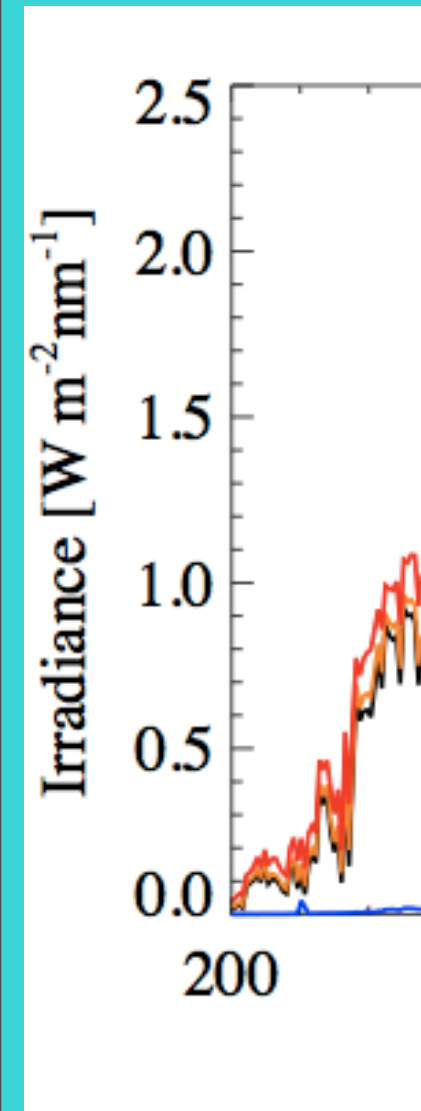
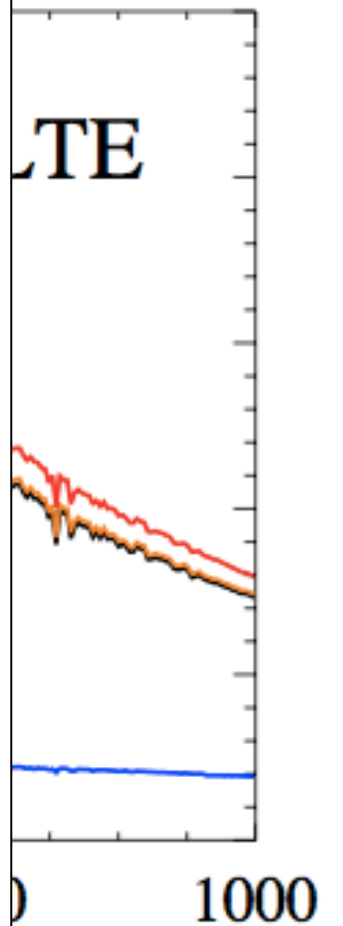
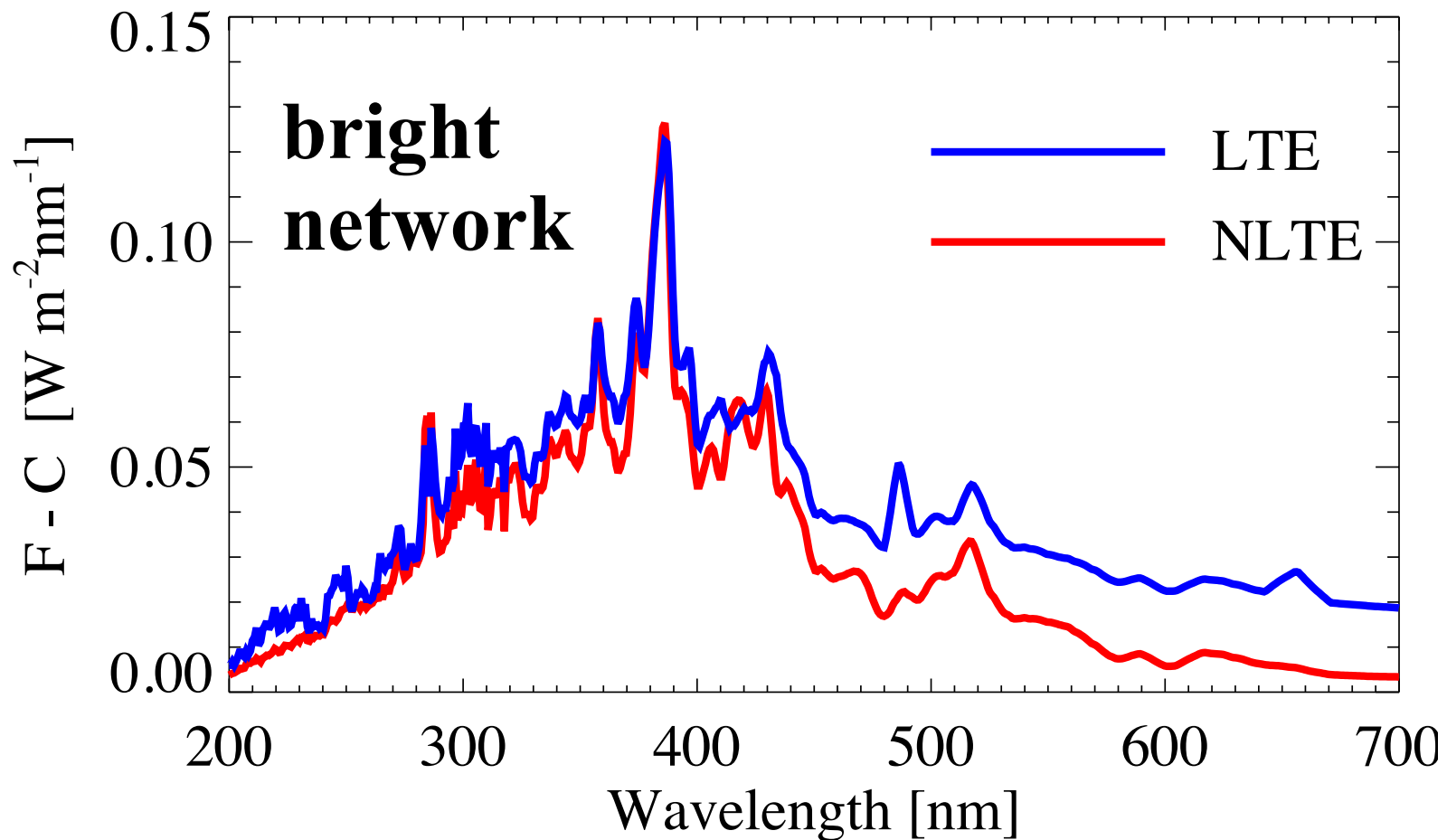
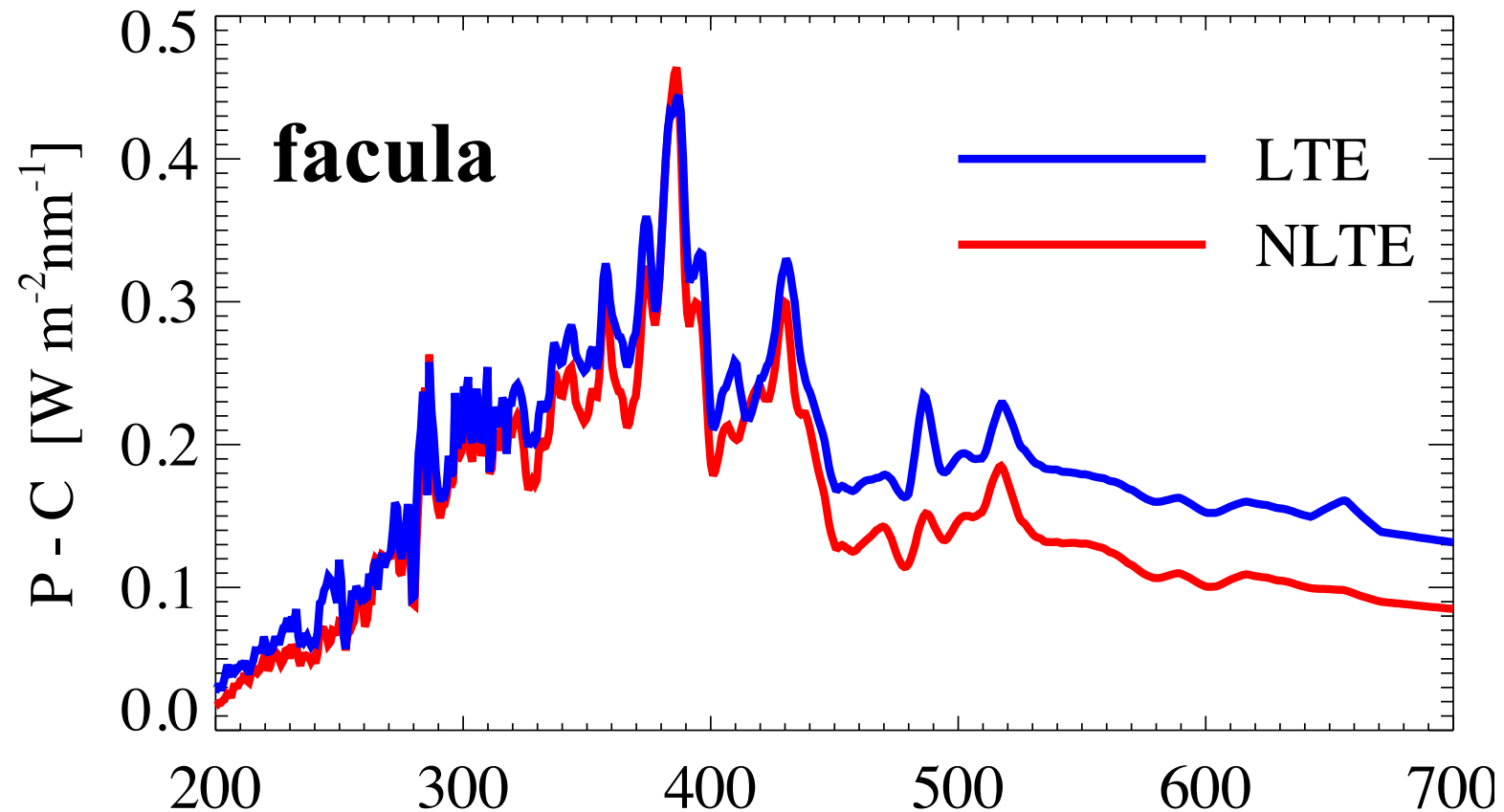
Quiet Sun

Bright network

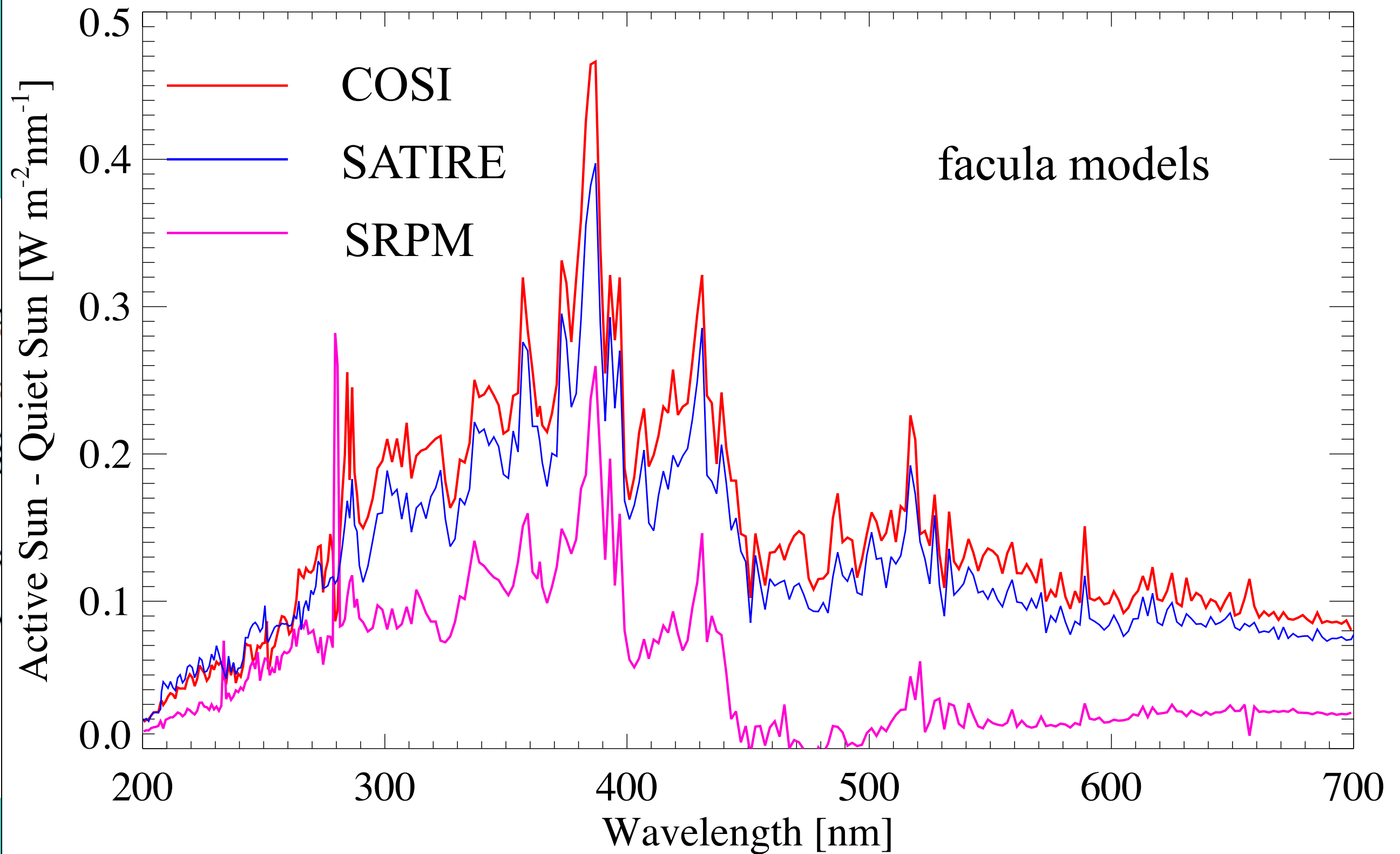
Sunspot



Irradiance from active components



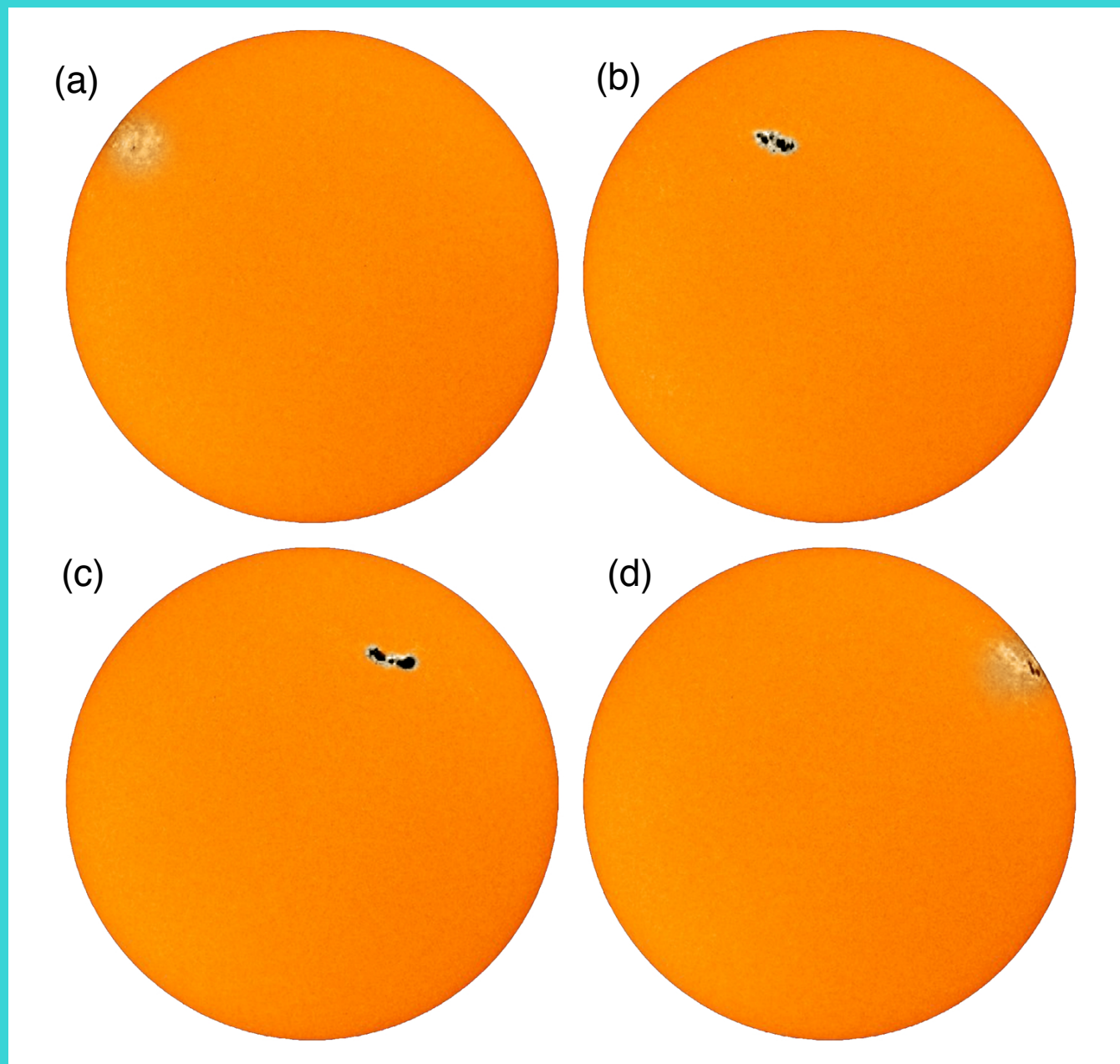
Irradiance from active components



wavelength [nm]

Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness

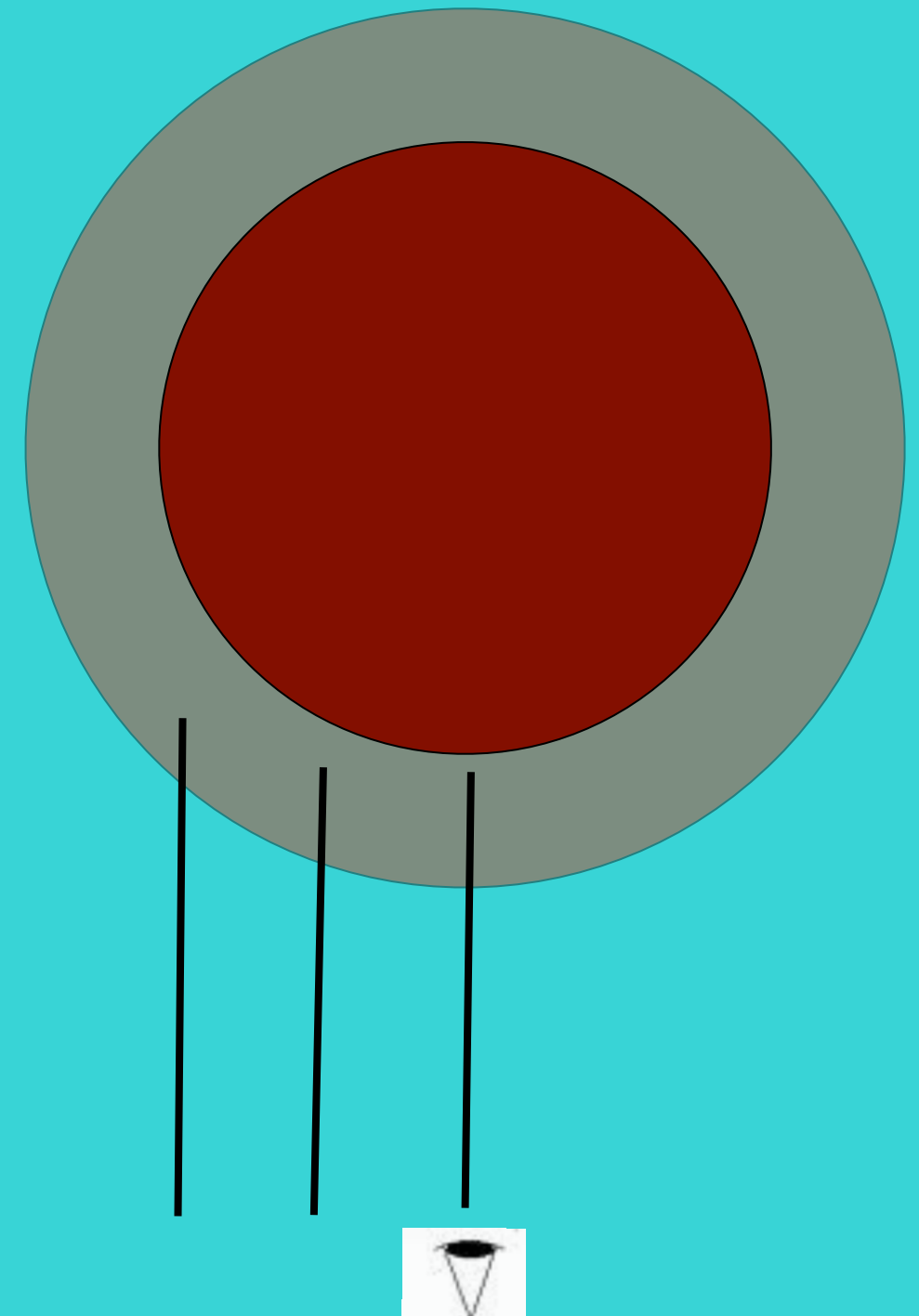
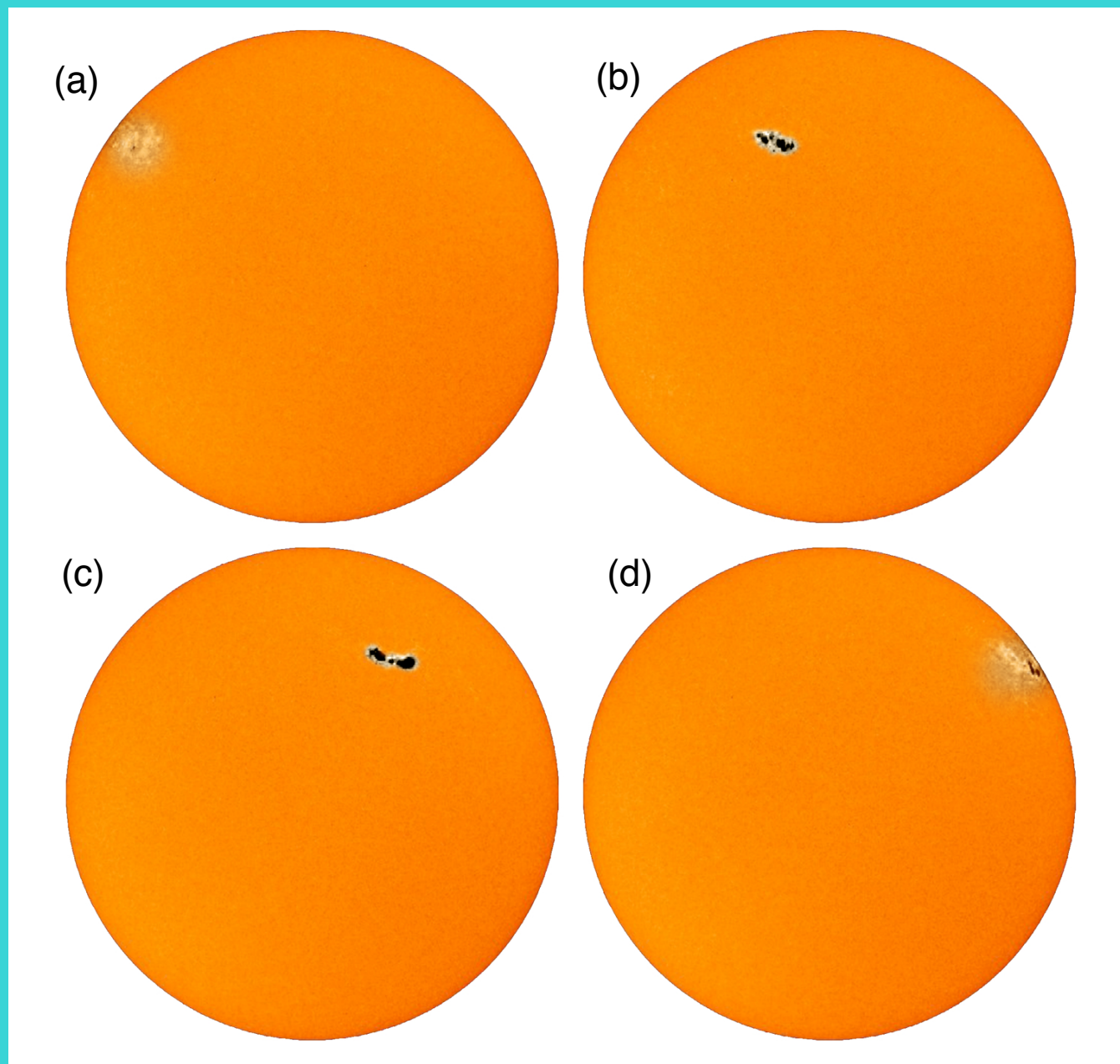
Important for the modeling of the solar variability



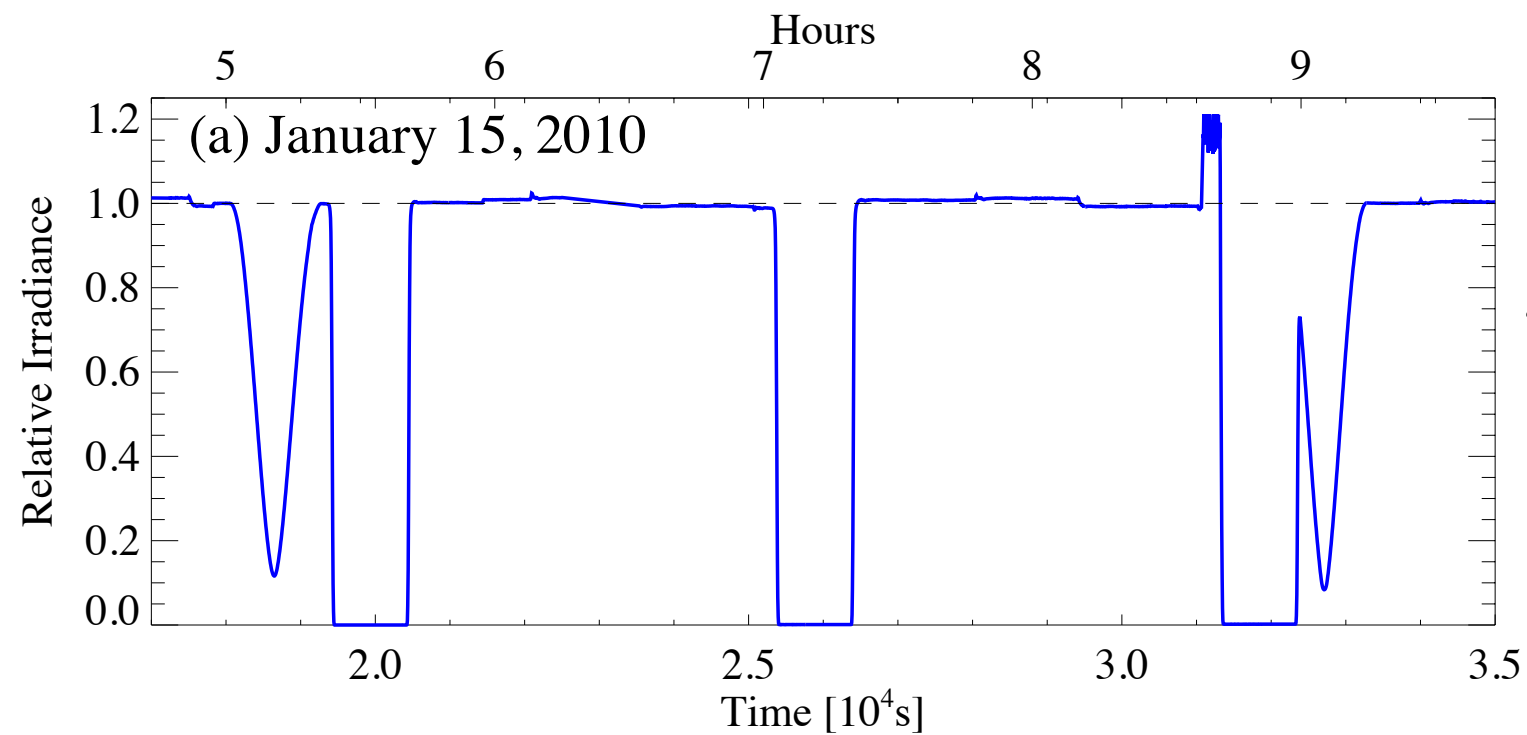
Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness

Important for the modeling of the solar variability

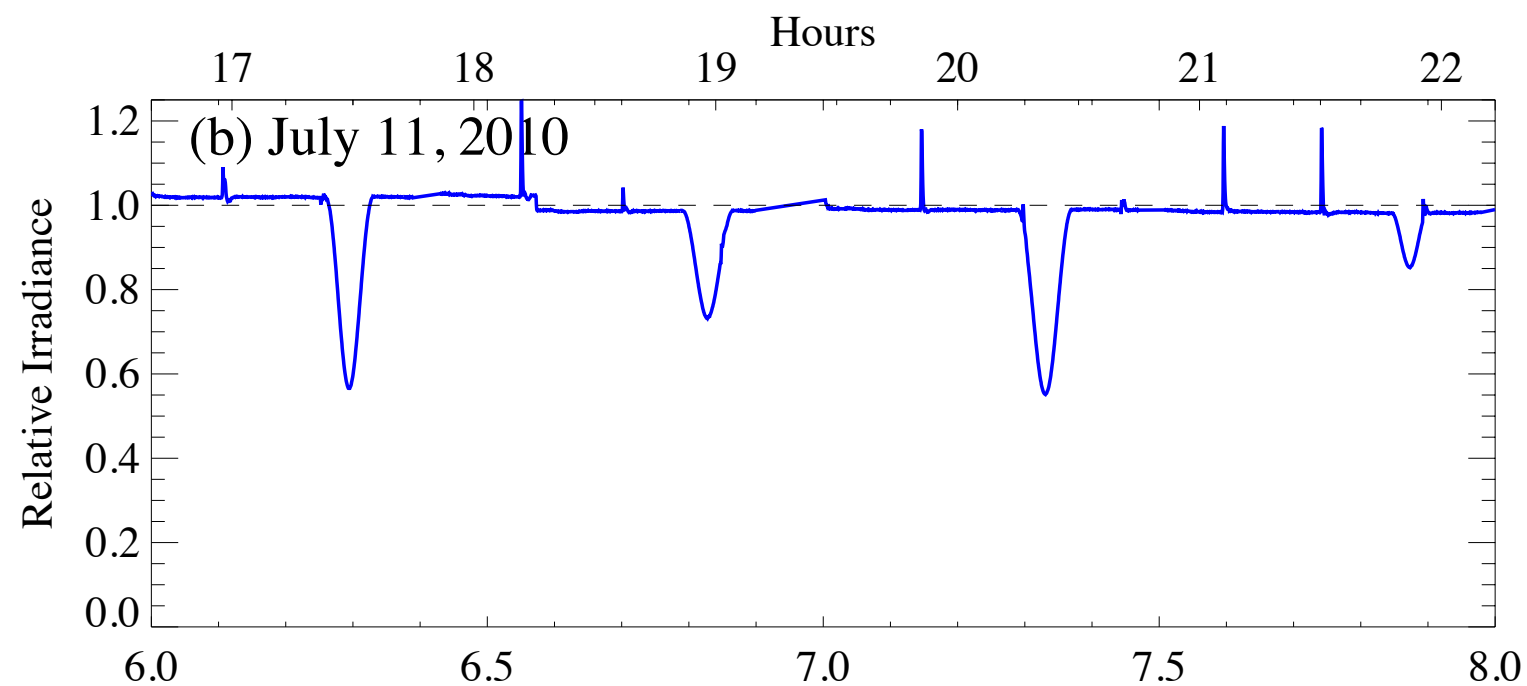
Constrain semi-empirical models of the solar atmosphere



Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA/PROBA2



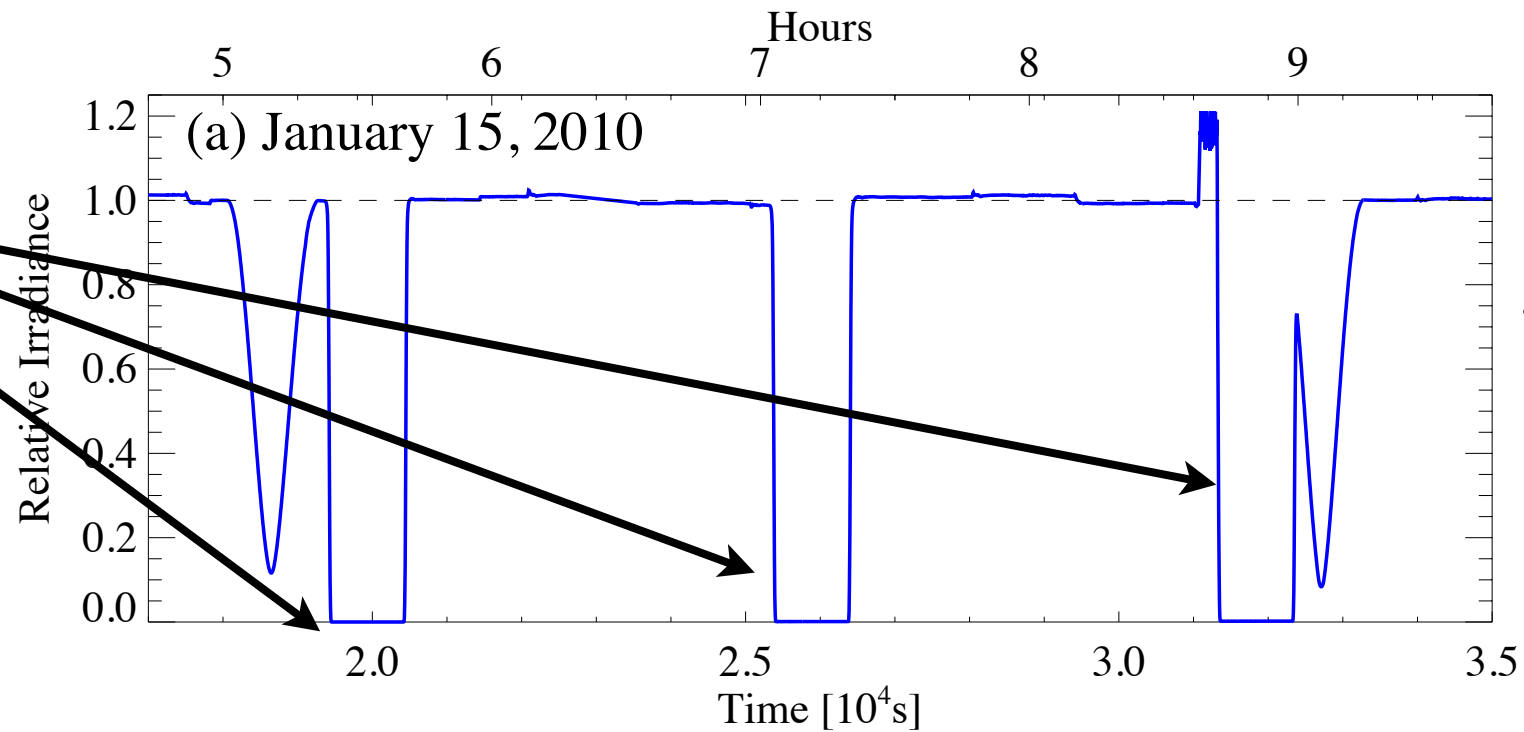
January 15, 2010



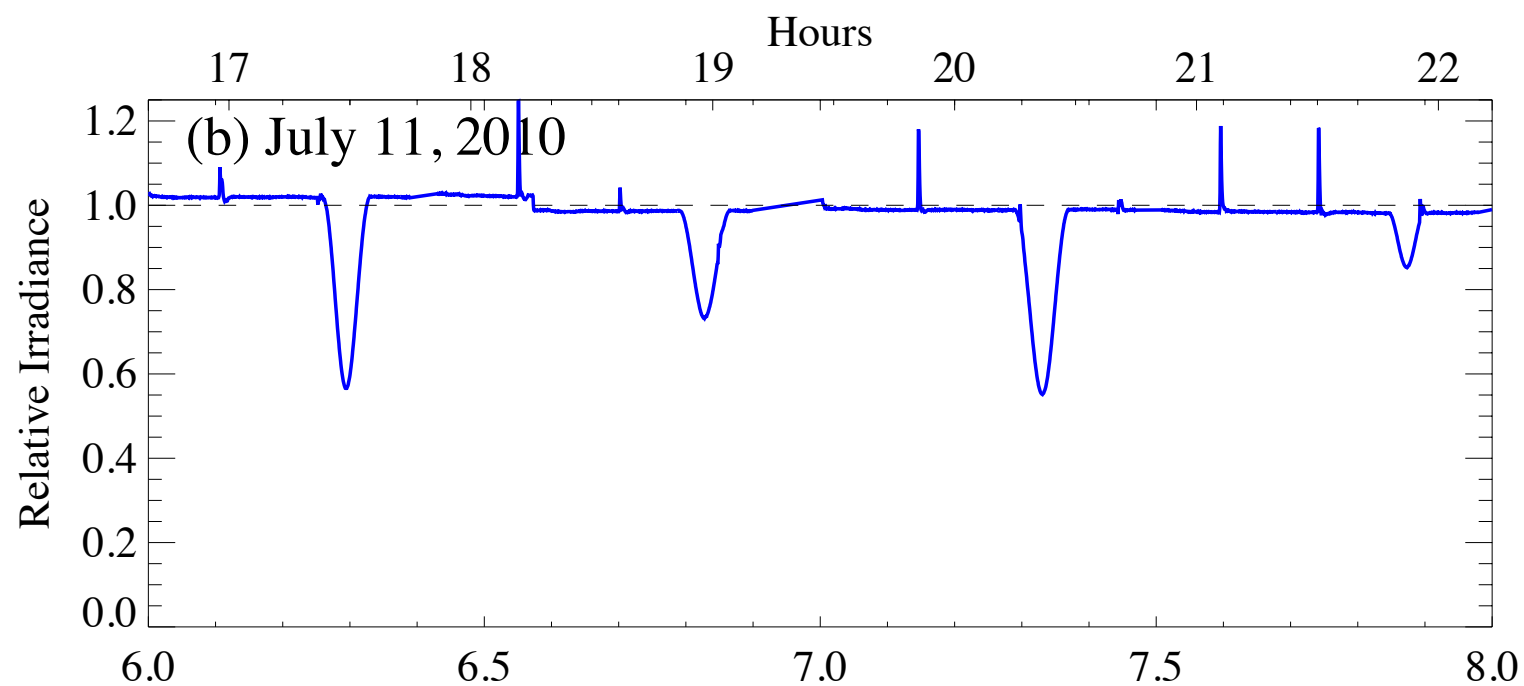
July 11, 2010

Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA/PROBA2

occultations

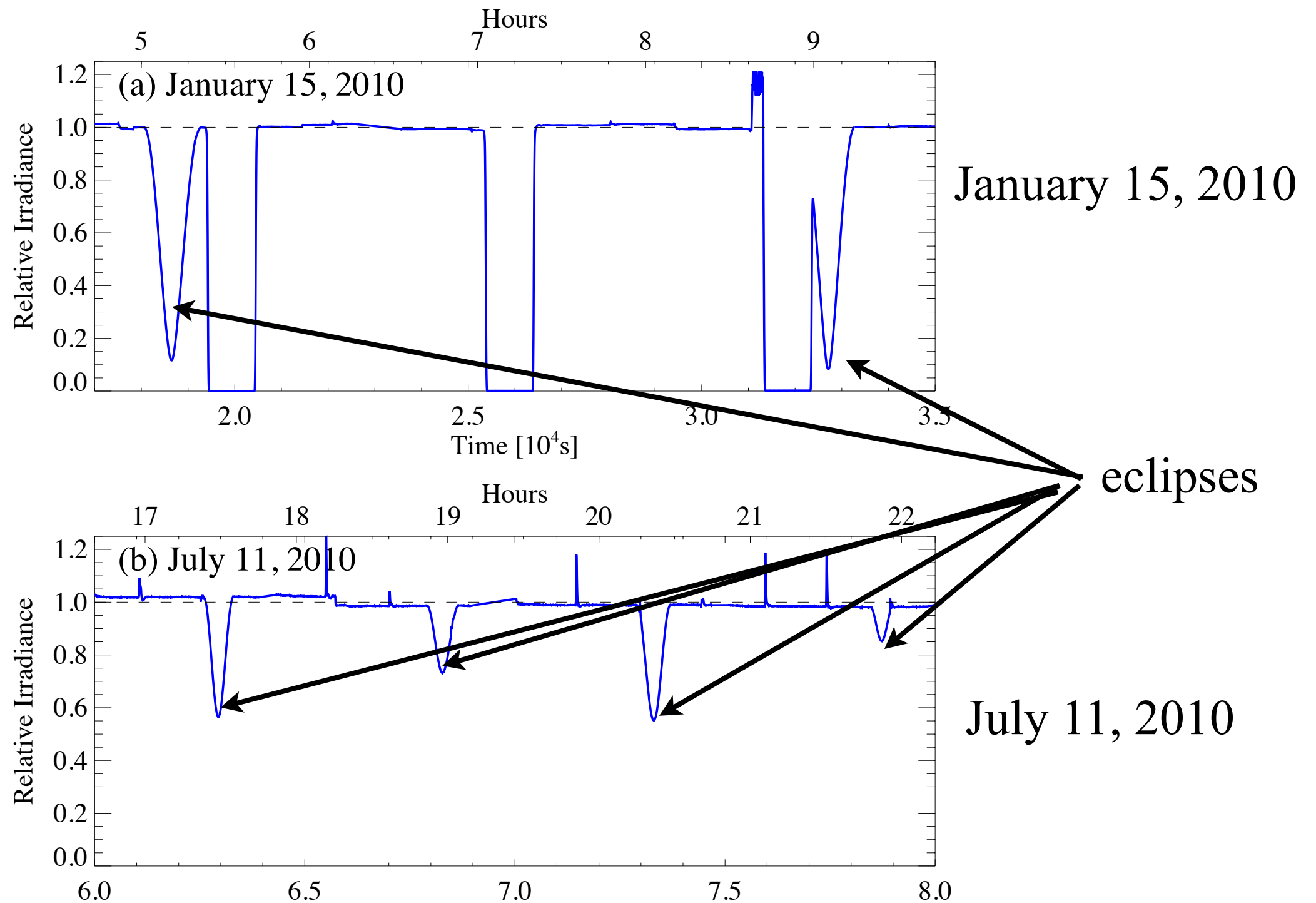


January 15, 2010

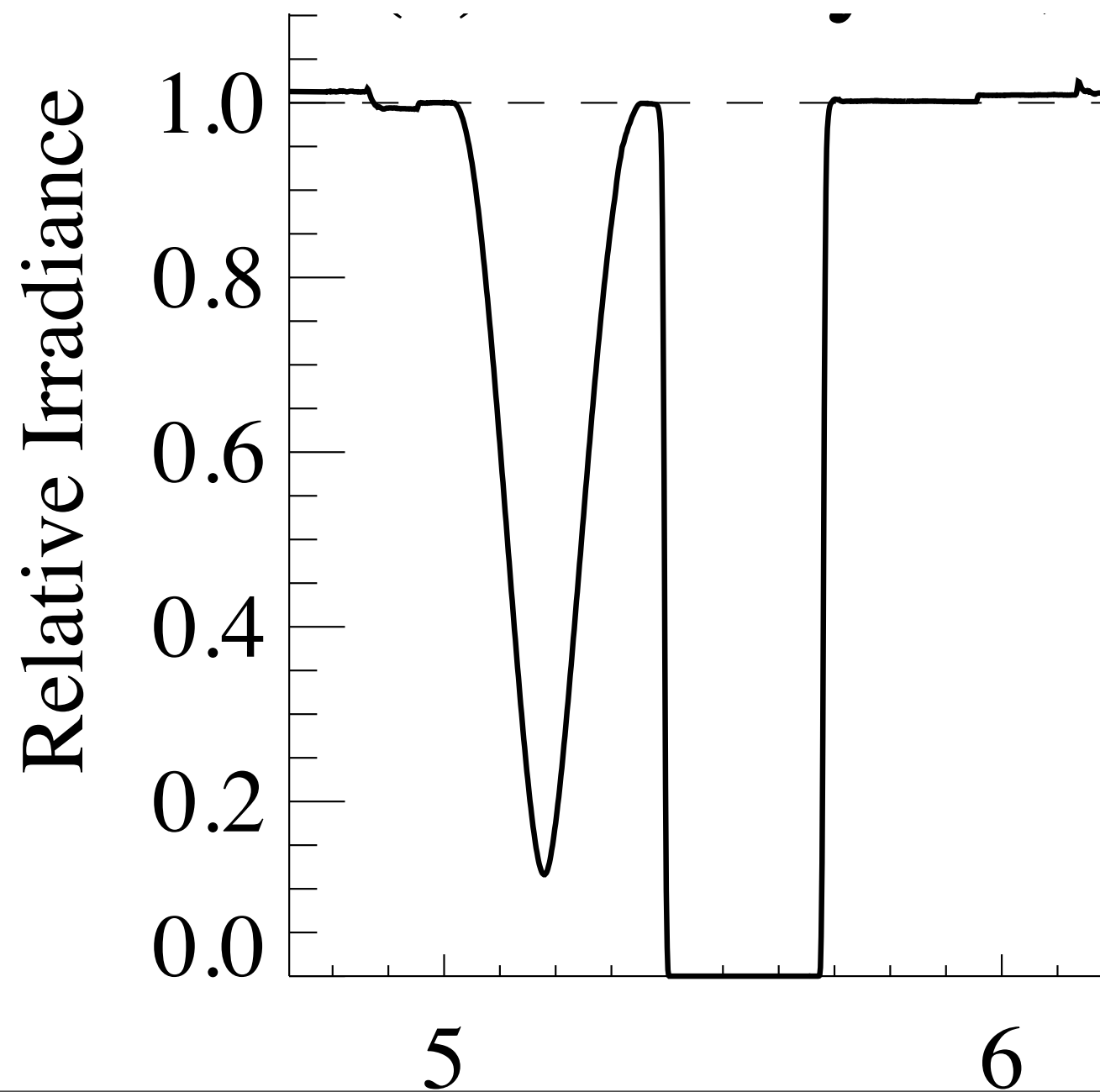


July 11, 2010

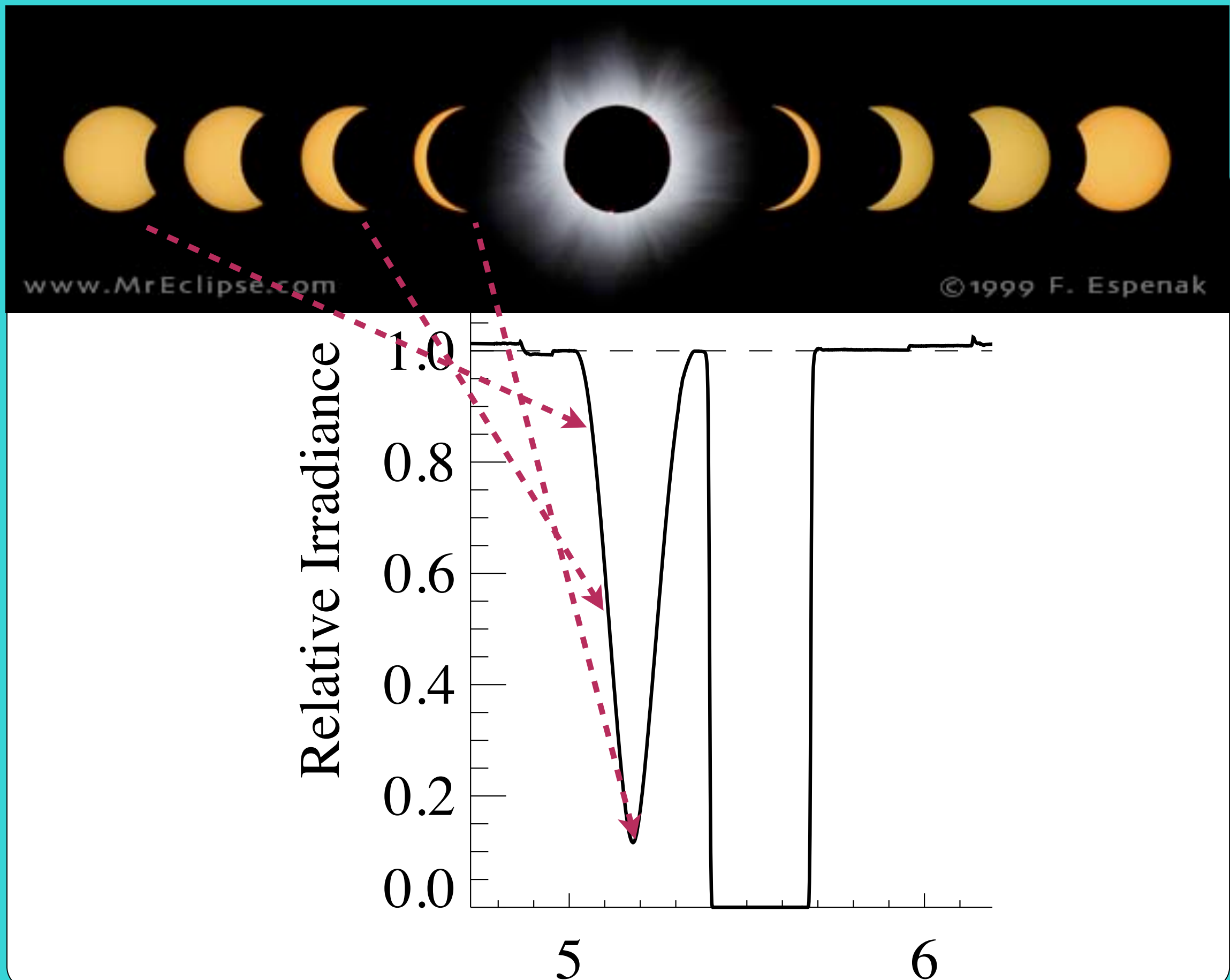
Eclipses and Occultations observed by LYRA/PROBA2



Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness



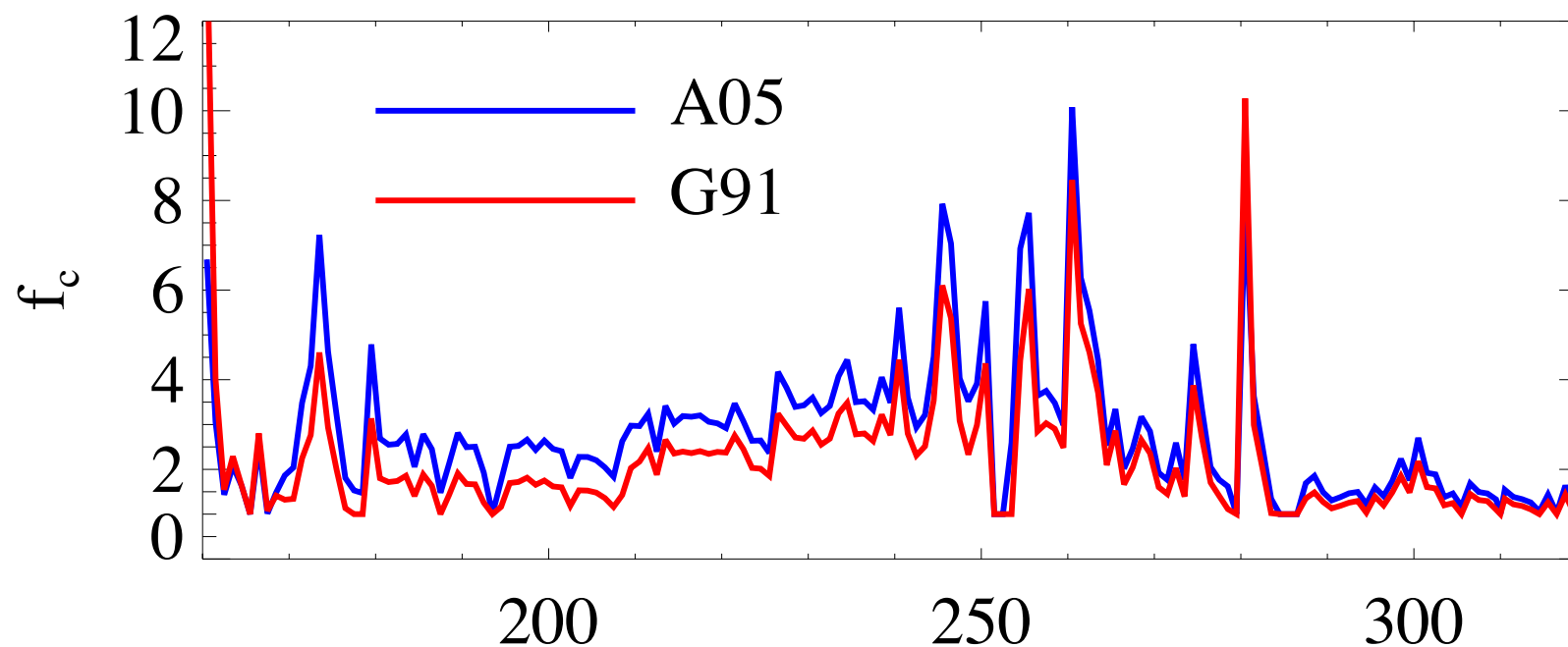
Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness



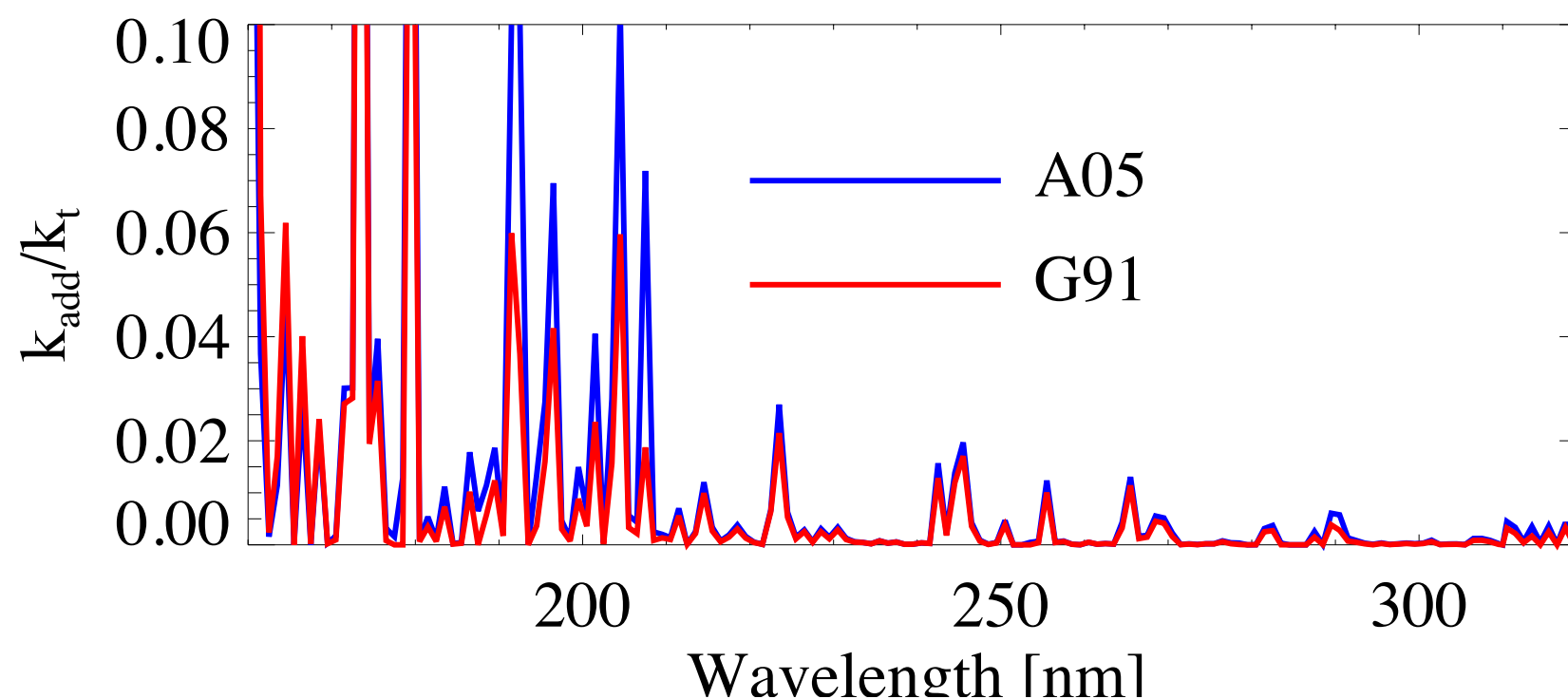
“Dark opacity”

99% of molecular and atomic lines are predicted only theoretically

Missing opacity

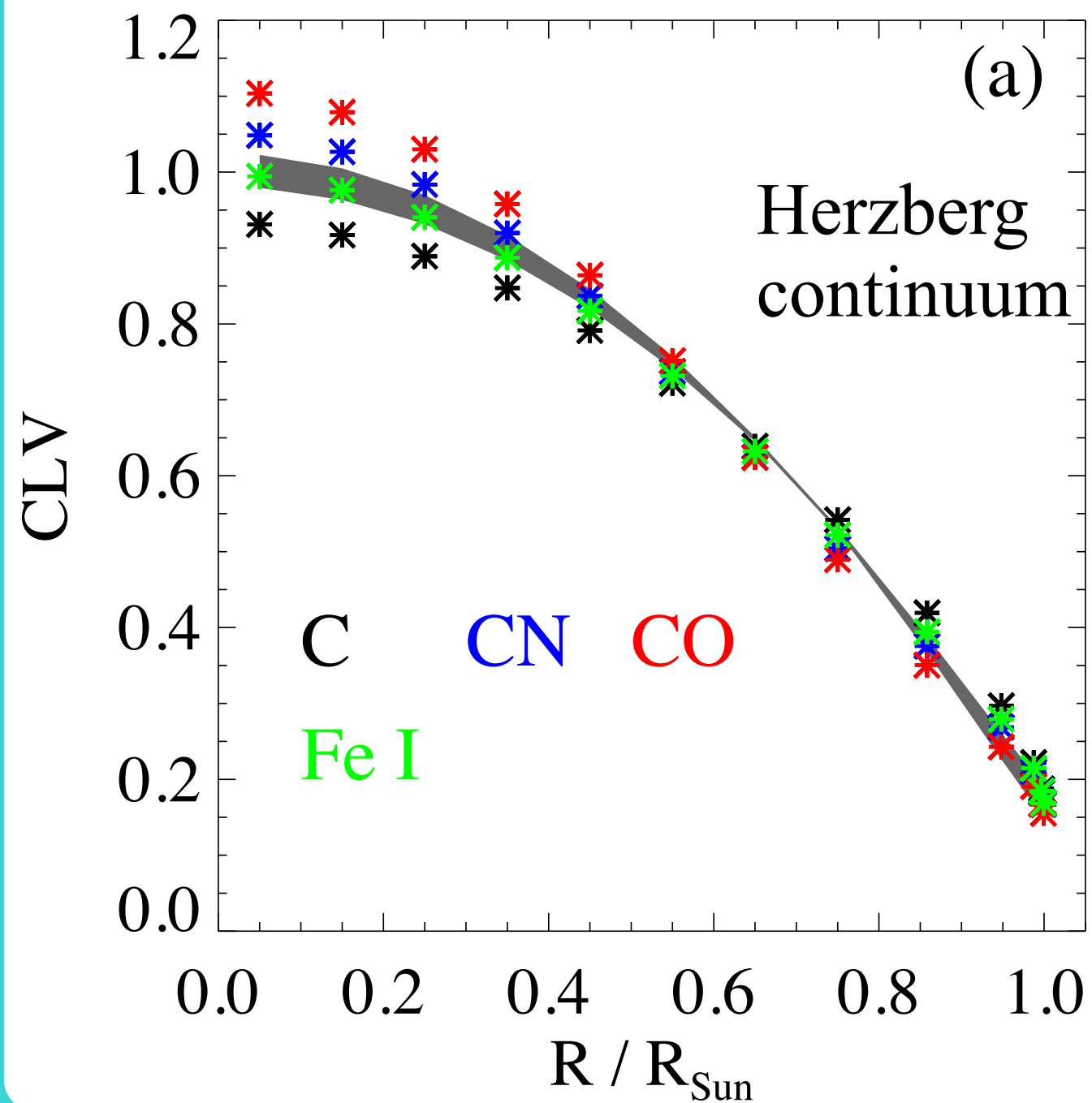


Continuum
factor

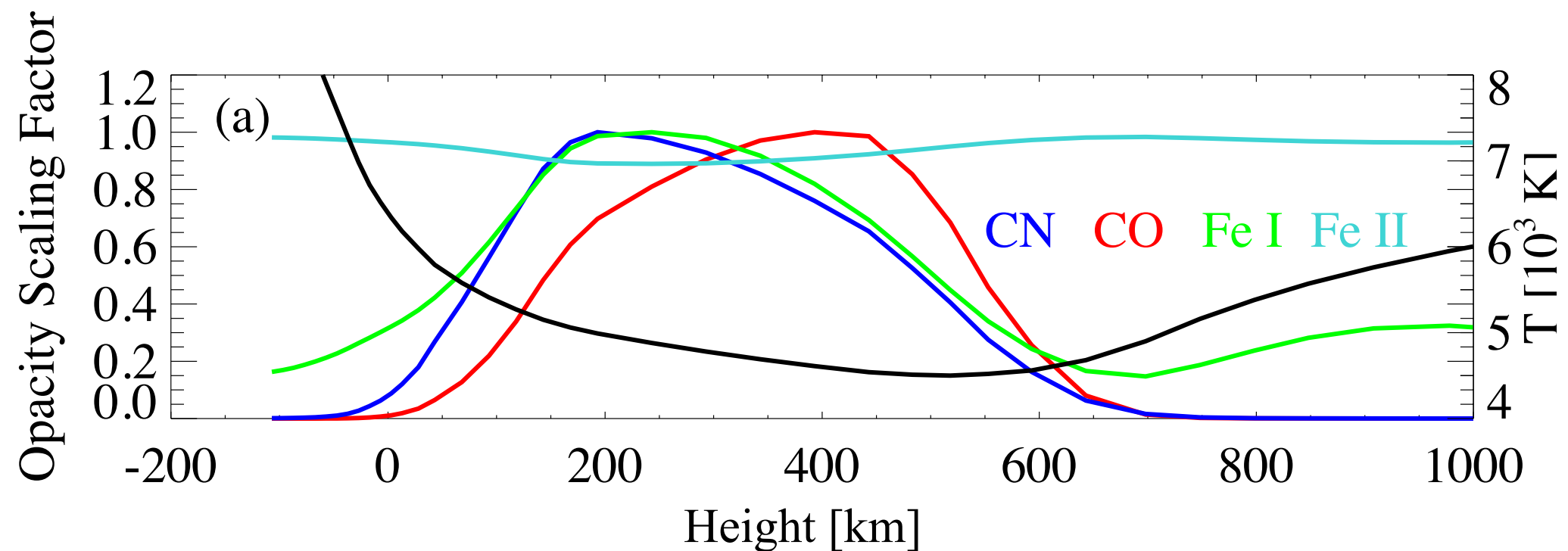
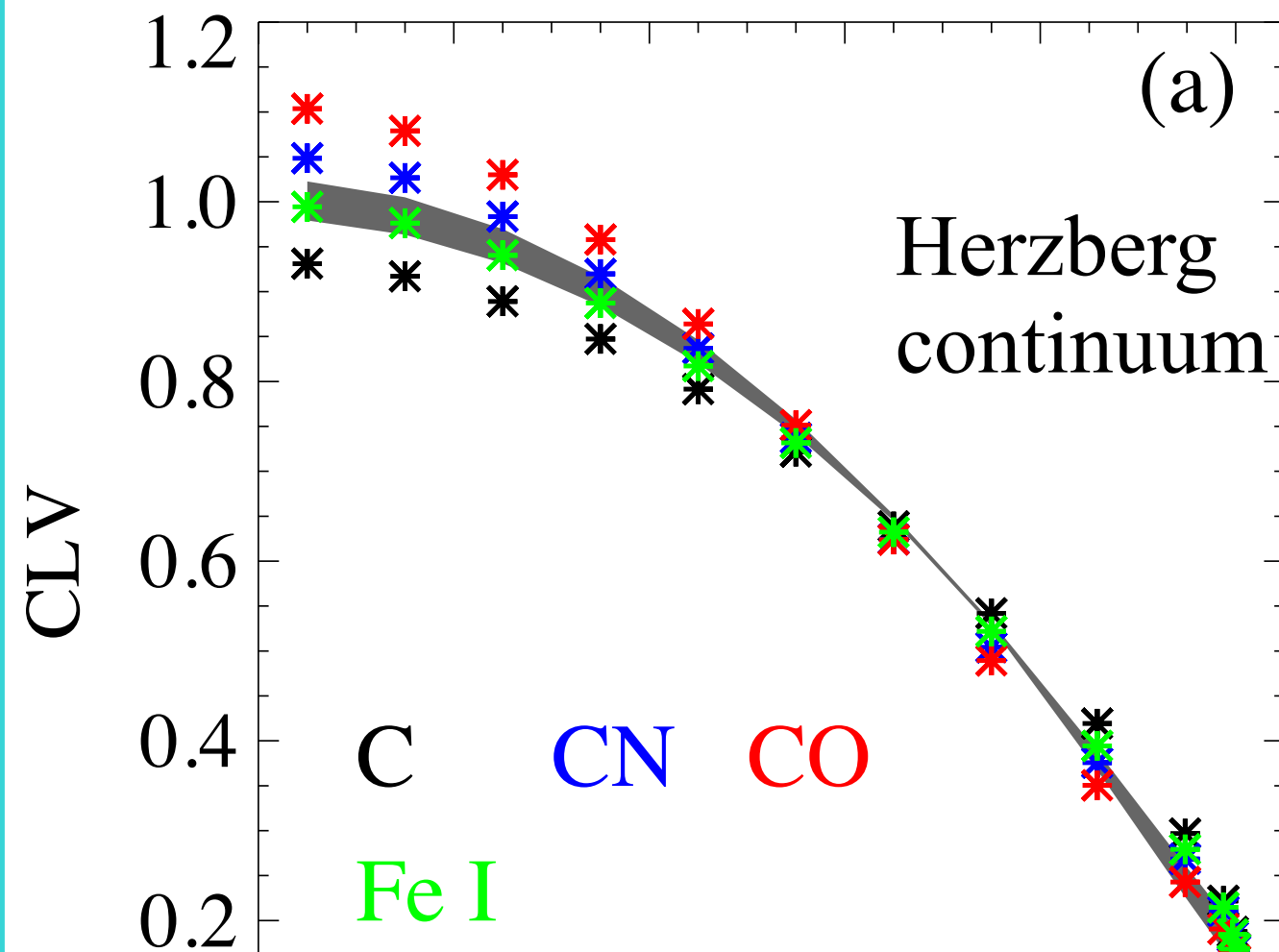


Additional/
Included

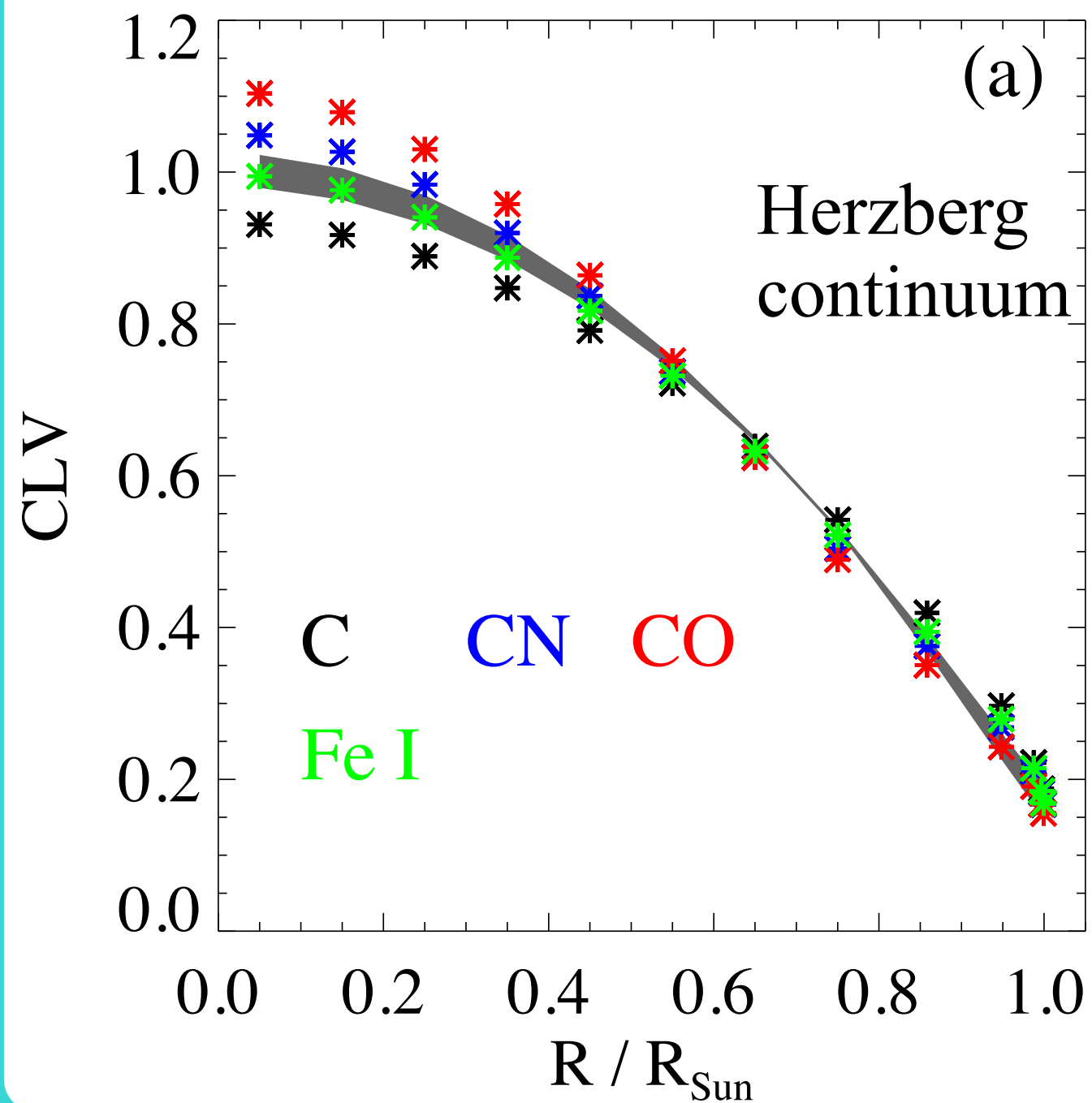
Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness



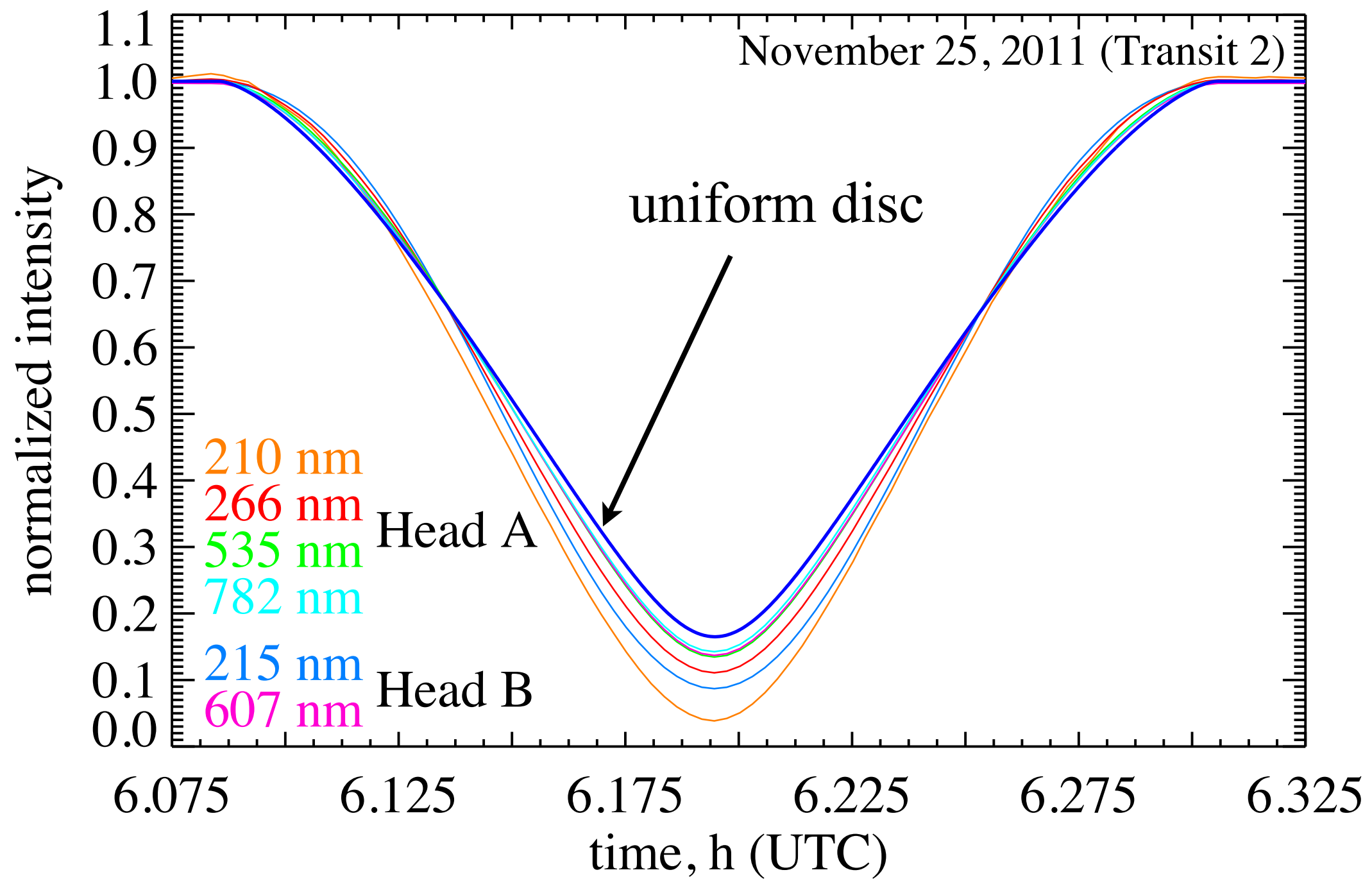
Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness



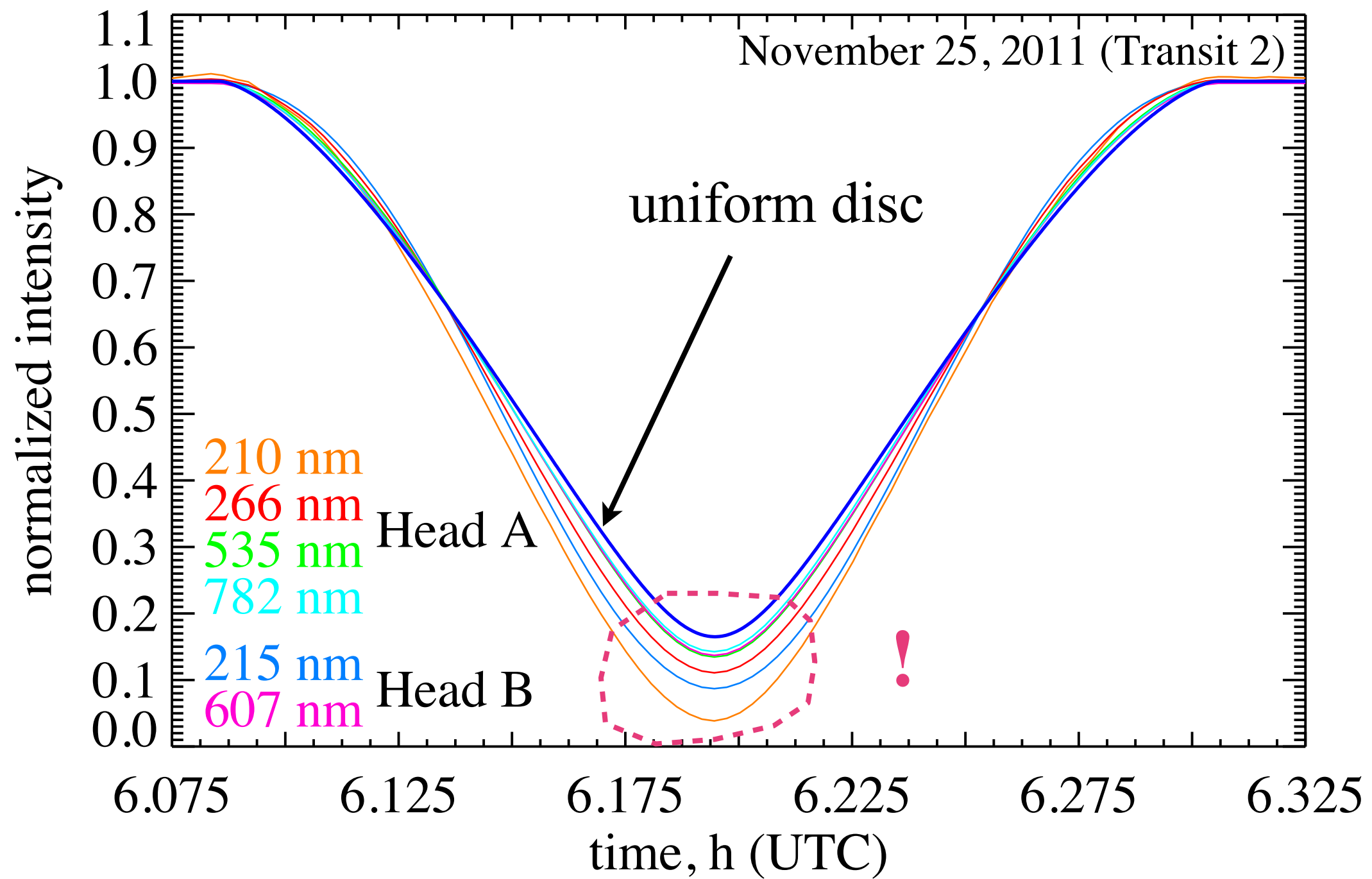
Center-to-limb variations of the solar brightness



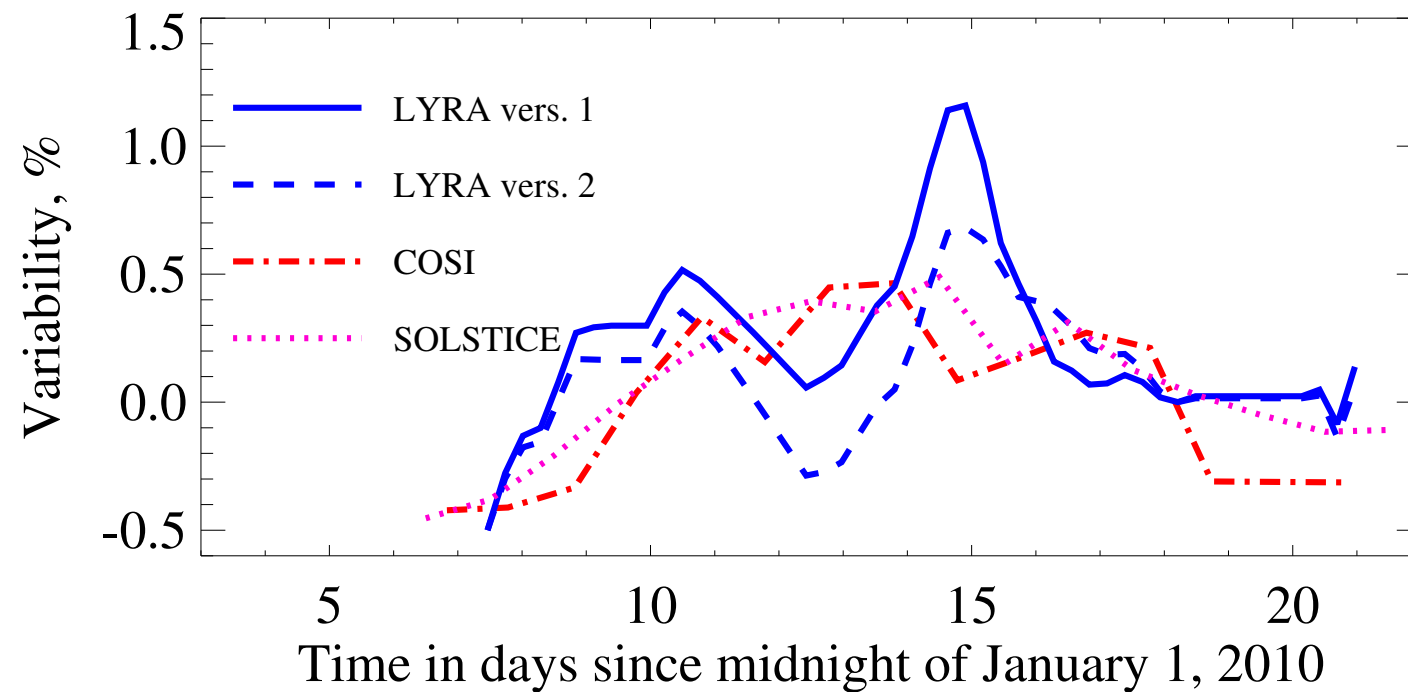
Eclipses observed by PREMOS/PICARD



Eclipses observed by PREMOS/PICARD

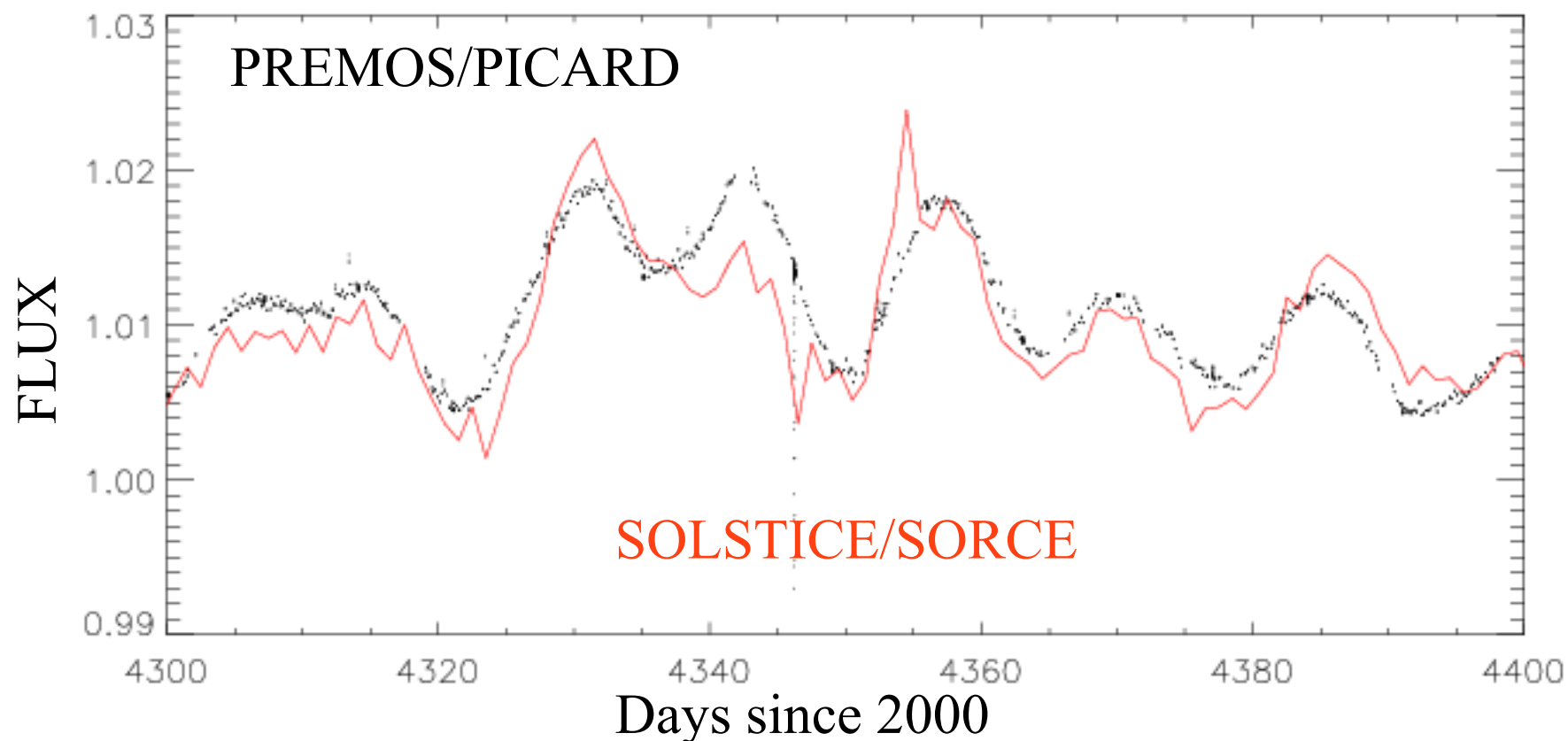


Modeling of the solar rotational cycle



comparison with
LYRA/PROBA2

COSI + PSPT
filling factors



comparison with
PREMOS/PICARD

COSI + HMI
filling factors

The Sun among its stellar cohort

The Sun

30 years of observations

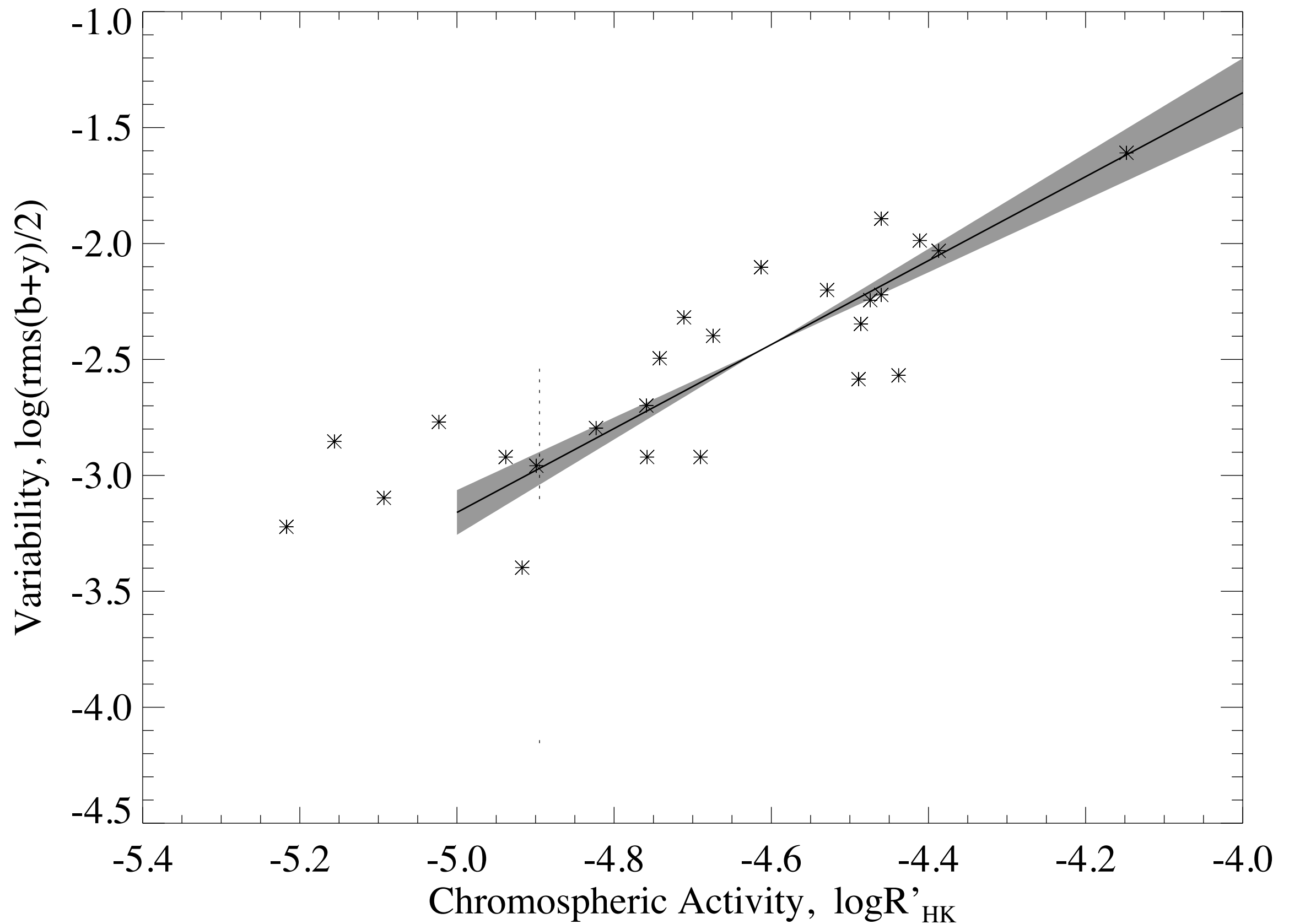
The Sun among its stellar cohort

The Sun

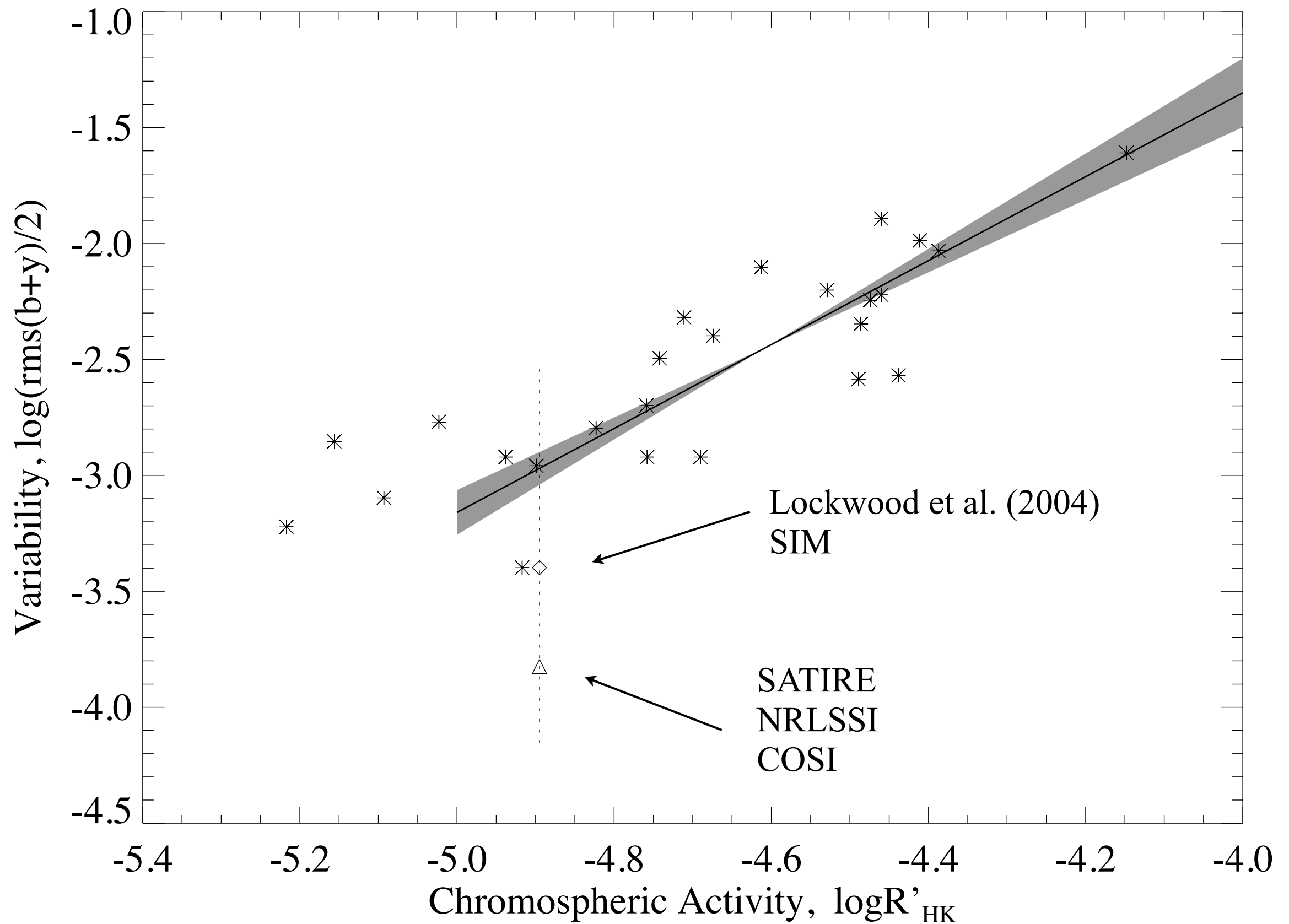
30 years of observations

25 Sun-like stars \times 20 years of observations = 500 years

The Sun among its stellar cohort



The Sun among its stellar cohort



Different scenarios for the solar trajectory

two free parameters

amplitude of the 11-year cycle

amplitude of the long-term trend

Different scenarios for the solar trajectory

two free parameters

amplitude of the 11-year cycle

amplitude of the long-term trend

chromospheric activity

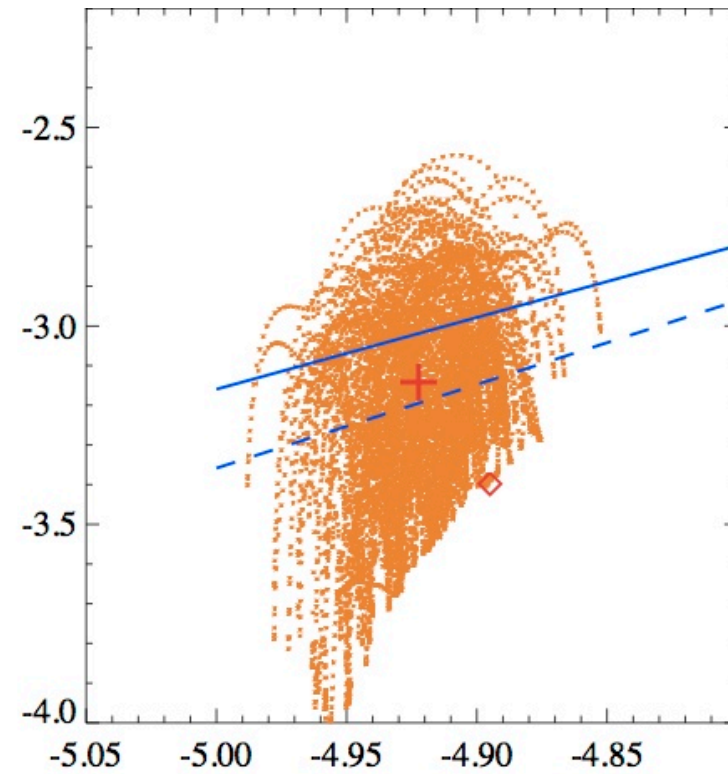
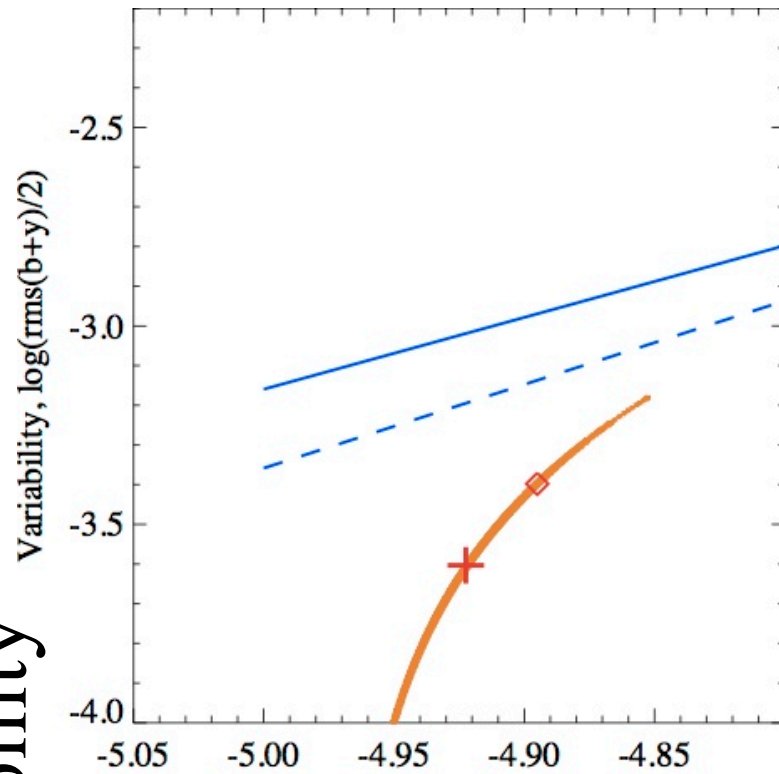
no long-term trend

strongest possible long-term
trend (Saar, 2006)

Different scenarios for the solar trajectory

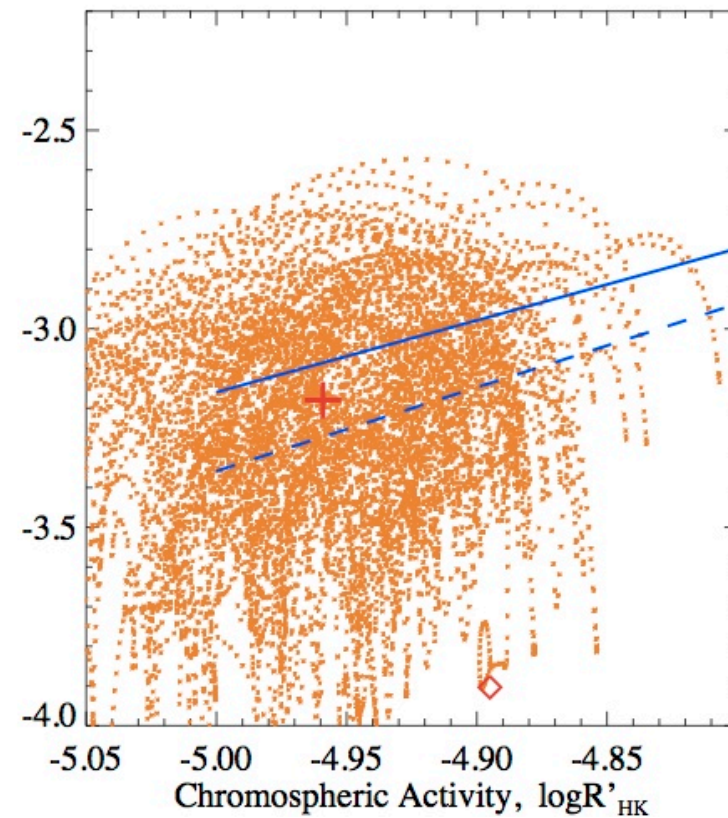
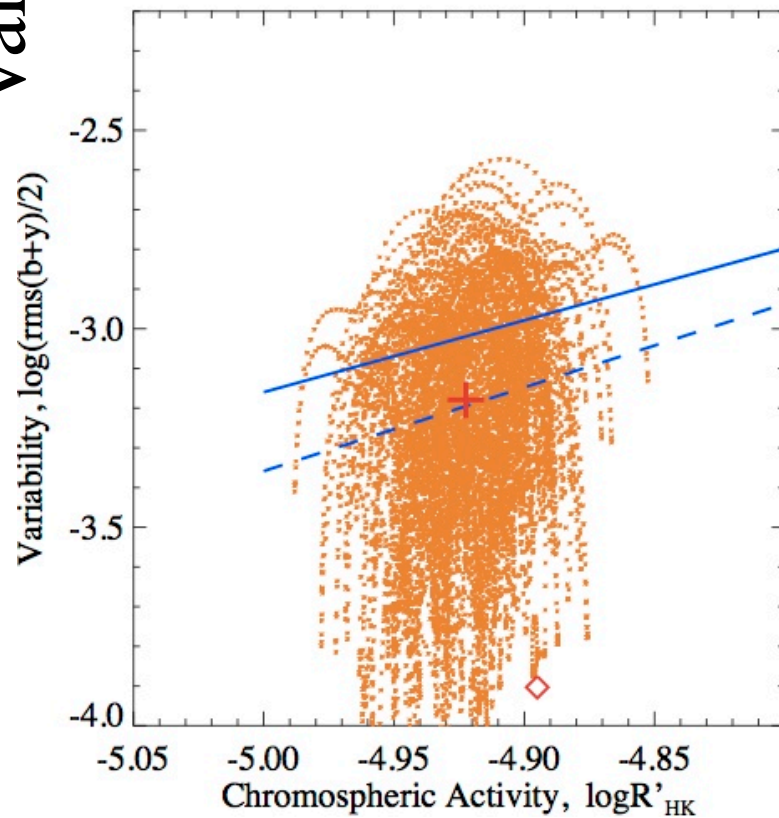
ampl

Variability



term trend

no

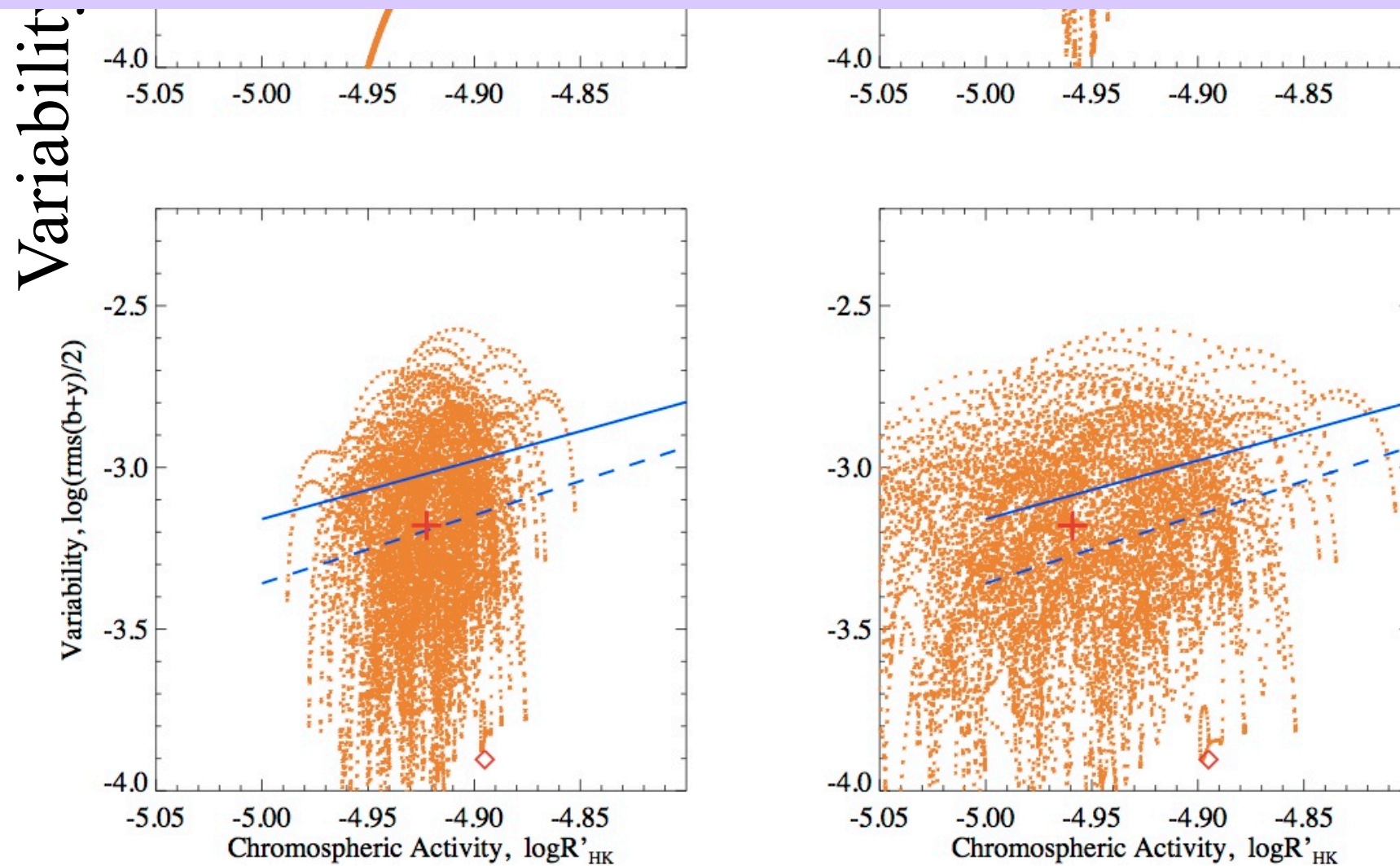


ng-term

Chromospheric activity

Different scenarios for the solar trajectory

Reconstructions with relatively small value of solar forcing are consistent with the stellar data, but zero forcing is very improbable

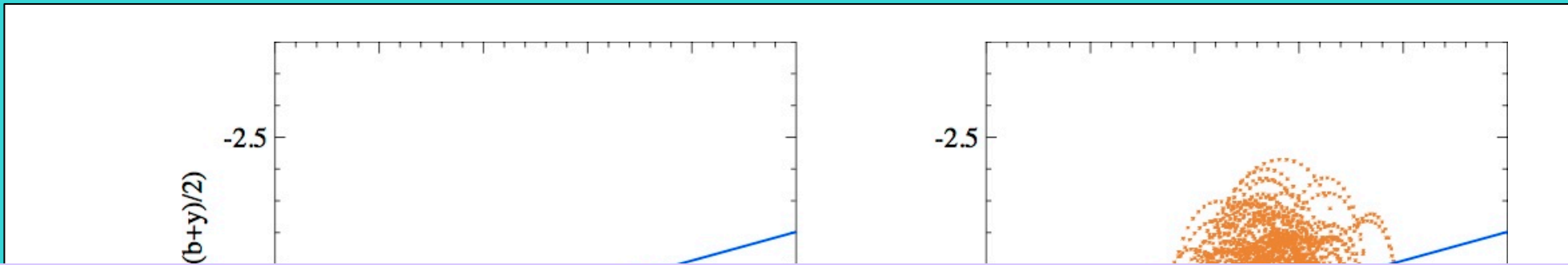


no

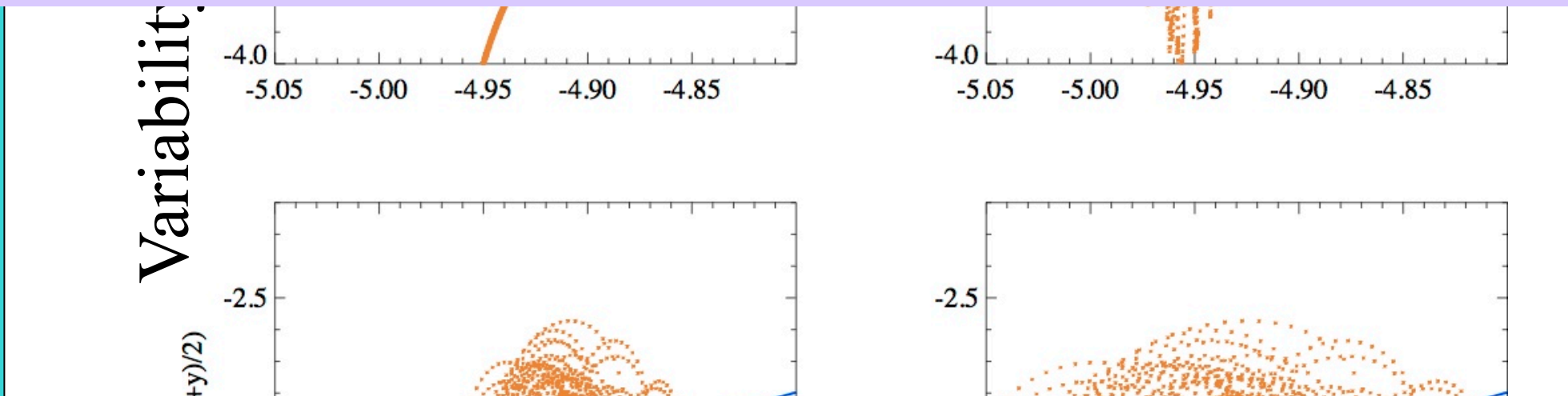
ng-term

Chromospheric activity

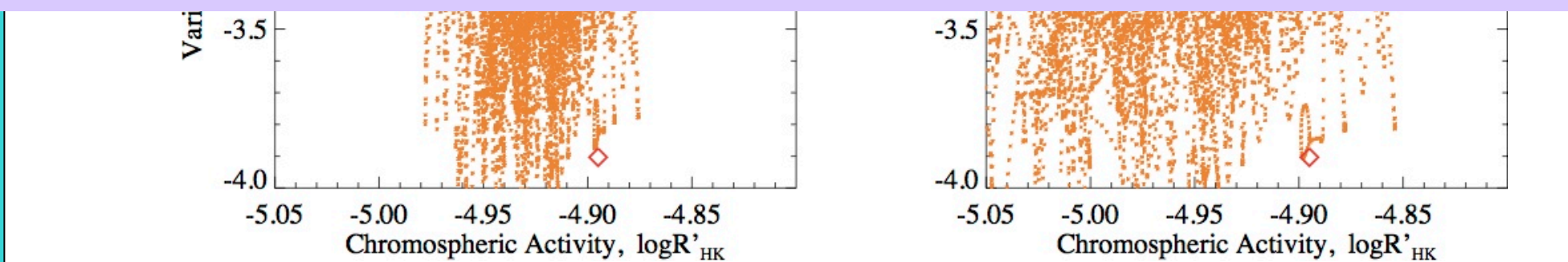
Different scenarios for the solar trajectory



Reconstructions with relatively small value of solar forcing are consistent with the stellar data, but zero forcing is very improbable

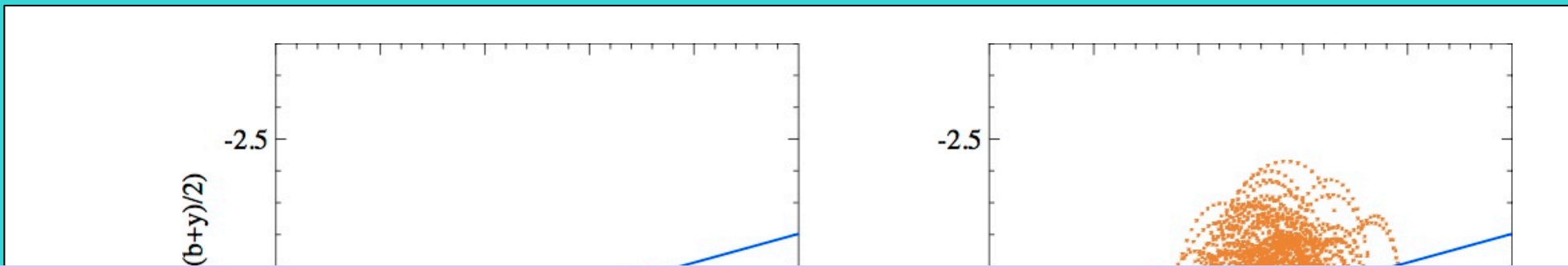


1.9 W/m² TSI change between the Maunder minimum and last solar minimum

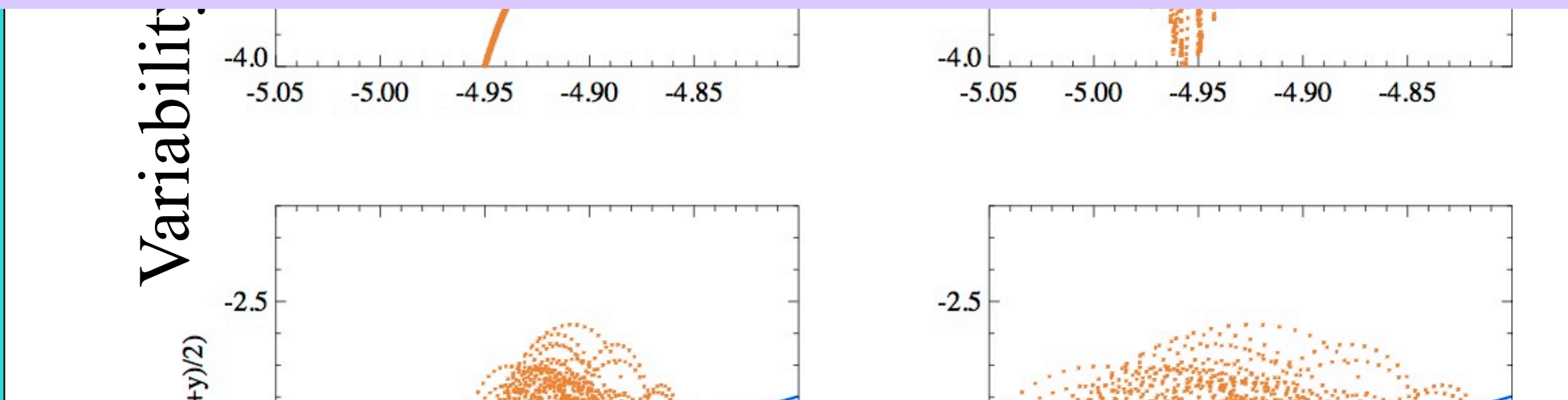


Chromospheric activity

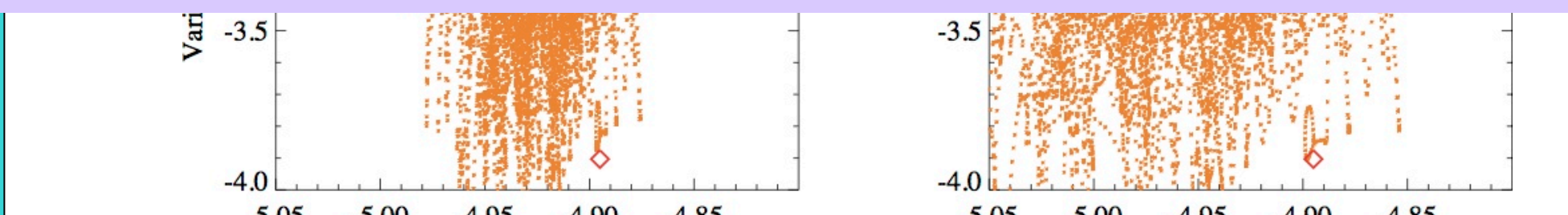
Different scenarios for the solar trajectory



Reconstructions with relatively small value of solar forcing are consistent with the stellar data, but zero forcing is very improbable



1.9 W/m² TSI change between the Maunder minimum and last solar minimum



THANK YOU!